

This Paper Consists of Two Sections—SECTION ONE
CIRCULATION
Over 500,000 Sunday,
350,000 Daily.
Over 300,000 Daily.

The Chicago Daily Tribune.

THE WORLD'S GREATEST
NEWSPAPER

FINAL
EDITION

VOLUME LXXV.—NO. 150. C.

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FIGHT MAY BE MASSACRE

T.R. TO SWING VOTE OF MOOSE TO MR. HUGHES

Drop Third Party or Wilson
Can't Be Beaten,
His Appeal.

READY TO TAKE STUMP

BY CHARLES N. WHEELER.
New York, June 22.—[Special.]—Developments in Mexico in the last forty-eight hours brought a quick finish to Theodore Roosevelt's letter sealing the Progressive party nomination for president.

As it now stands, and substantially as it will be read to the Progressive national committee in Chicago next Friday, it is one of the warmest episodes in the American people's Col. Roosevelt's political career.

He criticizes Woodrow Wilson unmercifully, holding him responsible for the peace in Mexico, and calls upon the American people to unite behind Hughes to defeat him.

UNITED PARTY OF WILSON.
In declining the nomination Roosevelt puts the issue squarely up to the Progressive national committee to take up with Woodrow Wilson and his administration of the third party at a time when the country is facing perhaps its gravest crisis.

The letter, as the finishing touches were put on it tonight, runs 3,000 words. At the same time it is read to the committee in Chicago on Monday it will be released for publication throughout the country. It is expected to make one of the strongest campaign papers that Hughes will have in the coming battle.

HOW SOLID FOR HUGHES.
The completion of Roosevelt's letter set but one of several important developments here today in the quick swing of Republican factions into line behind Hughes. As the slate stands tonight, Hughes is now assured of a practically solid party support.

Some of the Progressives who came from the Democratic party in 1912 are going back to their first loves, but the Roosevelt leaders, almost to a man, are in line tonight.

Woodrow Wilson's letter is made public on Monday. It is believed here it will directly the country, in so far as the Republicans are concerned, and will have an immediate effect of deciding Progressive leaders of Republican extraction who have been wobbling on the fence.

PETTY POLITICS ASIDE.
With the person of the large headlines this morning summarizing the Mexican political squabbling was put out once.

Mr. Hughes, who had just returned from Providence, ready for the real hard work of the campaign, had but a little while to wait the coming of the Roosevelt enthusiasts.

Several of the lesser lights hurried to his headquarters at the Hotel Astor, dressing themselves back in the party with their feet.

It was early in the forenoon, too, when Daniel R. Gifford of Ohio, one of the leaders of the Chicago Progressive committee, knocked at Mr. Hughes' door and gained admittance. He had come directly from the Forty-second street building wherein sat George W. Perkins, Daniel R. Howell of California, George Parker of Chicago, and Oscar King Davis, secretary of the Progressive national committee.

BRIGHTS VIEW OF T. R.
An outburst carried from them a message which was understood to reflect Mr. Roosevelt's opinions.

For an hour he went over the situation with Mr. Hughes, outlining to him, it is understood, the salient points of the Roosevelt letter to be given out Monday, and also got first hand information as to what Mr. Hughes intended to do in the matter of the Old Guard. He learned that Hughes will pick a man for national chairman who is distinctively a Hughes man and in no way related, politically, to the Old Guardmen. As the same time, he is not going to deliberately castigate the Cross-Purposes crowd. They will be given cards of admittance to the Republican tent, but in the spectators' row, they will not be given charge of the cam-

War Office Orders I.N.G. Rushed South

Washington, D. C., June 22.—The first orders for sending to the border national guardsmen called into the federal service last Sunday by President Wilson went out from the war department tonight.

Gen. Barry at Chicago was directed to send the first 5,000 guardsmen who are mustered into the federal service in the central department.

A report from Gen. Barry indicates that in consequence of the orders troops should be moving from Springfield, Ill., in that division, by next Friday, June 30. Mustering in, it was said, would begin either Sunday or Monday at Springfield. There are about 1,500 troops in Springfield now, and about 3,500 are on the way. Nearly 2,000 more will entrain tomorrow.

Depends on Men's Condition.

Chiefly in mustering the troops into the federal service, it is pointed out, will depend upon the condition of the men, their equipment, and their papers, as well as the size of the mustering-in force.

Simultaneously with the orders to Gen. Barry similar orders were sent to Gen. Bell at San Francisco, in command of the western department, to send to the border the first 5,000 mustered in his division.

FUNCTION TO DISPOSE OF THEM.

The orders are to send the quota indicated as soon as their muster is complete, selecting the first units to qualify, regardless of the branches of service to which they belong. Gen. Funston will select their destinations.

The states in the western department are California, Utah, Nevada, Idaho, Montana, Oregon, and Washington. The central department is composed of Colorado, Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska, Wyoming, North and South Dakota, Minnesota, Wisconsin, Iowa, Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, and Ohio.

ILLINOIS TROOPS READY.

Springfield, Ill., June 22.—Gov. Dunne said tonight his answer to Secretary of War Baker's inquiry would be that the First cavalry and the First and Second artillery battalions will be ready for mustering into the federal service as soon as the federal government supplies these troops with horses; that the First, Second, and Seventh Illinois infantry will be ready immediately after their arrival here tomorrow, and the Third, Fourth, and Eighth regiments upon their arrival here Saturday morning.

NO CAUSE FOR MAZATLAN ROW.

The official report of the Mazatlan incident disclosed that the American naval officers and sailors were fired upon and wounded without provocation by Mexicans and by the soldiers' fund, inaugurated yesterday by The TRIBUNE, is designed to provide.

That there is an urgent need to be met became clear early in the day. Within a few hours after the announcement of the plan had been made direct reports had been received of about twenty families who have been left in immediate want by the response of the soldiers who have given up their regular means of livelihood to go to the mobilization camp.

One or two of the reports came from the soldiers themselves, on the way to their regimental headquarters. More came from the wives, several of whom called at The TRIBUNE office in person, or from relatives or neighbors. Later in the day the letters began to come in.

URGENT NEED OBVIOUS.

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SISTER TELLS OF POVERTY.

"My sister. His wife doesn't know I'm telling you this, but they simply must have help," was the appeal of one troubled school teacher. Many of the messages were like that.

Contributions and pledges for the soldiers' fund came in with even greater rapidity. Though it seemed as if there were not time for the plan to have been fairly launched, \$3,206.25 had been promised when the fund headquarters were closed at 6 o'clock.

In the first day a regular income of \$353.50 a month had been made available in addition to lump sums which were given in many instances. One of the first

(Continued on page 4, column 5.)

Should this situation eventuate into hostilities, which this government would deeply regret and will use every honorable effort to avoid, I take this opportunity to inform you that this government would have for its object, not intervention in Mexican affairs with all the regrettable consequences which might result from such a policy.

Its object would be the defense of American territory from further invasion by bands of armed Mexicans, protection of American citizens and property along the boundary from outrages committed by such bands and the prevention of future depredations by force of arms against the bandits infesting this region and against a government which is encouraging and aiding them in their activities.

Hostilities, in short, would be simply a state of international war without purpose on the part of the United States other than to end the conditions which menace our national peace and the safety of our citizens."

(Continued on page 4, column 1.)

DEFENSIVE WAR ONLY, PROMISE OF PRESIDENT

Next Mexican Move Waits
Pershing's Report on
Carrizal Battle.

ARMY PLANS GO ON.

BY ARTHUR SEARS HENNING.
Washington, D. C., June 22.—[Special.]—While awaiting Gen. Pershing's report on the battle at Carrizal, which may determine the question of war or peace between the United States and Mexico, President Wilson continued today making such preparations for the impending conflict as he must.

DEVELOPMENTS OF DAY.
These were the important developments of the day:

For the purpose of disarming suspicion and criticism in the Latin-American republics the president informed them in a circular note that if war is precipitated the United States will not intervene to re-establish order and a stable government in all Mexico, but will employ its armed forces merely to defend American territory from bandit raids.

The president stated that he would not consider the adoption of offensive, as distinguished from defensive, measures in the use of armed force unless it be conclusively established that Mexican aggression on the American army have been directed by Carranza.

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In his circular note to the Latin-American republics, the president referred to war between the United States and Mexico as an impending possibility. His purpose was to assure the Central and South American countries that in going to war with Mexico the United States would not be actuated by motives of conquest, suspicions of which are prevalent in those republics.

The president carefully refrained from advocating any championship of the rights of humanity such as would be inherent in intervention for the restoration of a stable government in Mexico and the liberation of the Mexicans from the misery of interminable revolution and anarchy.

He also made it clear that it is not his purpose to enforce protection of American citizens and property in the interior of Mexico. His sole purpose is to end the bandit raids into the United States and protect Americans "along the border."

Indications are not lacking that the Wilson pronouncement was issued purely for political effect in Latin-America. For no sooner had it been made public by the state department than administration officials began to explain that it does not

(Continued on page 4, column 1.)

Citizens Rally to Aid Families by Soldiers' Fund

Pressing Need for Aid
Shown by First
Applicants.

\$3,206.25 COMES IN

A soldierly figure in khaki hurried into an office on the eleventh floor of The TRIBUNE building early yesterday morning. There were tears in his eyes, and in broken hurried sentences, he began to talk to the man behind the desk without waiting to introduce himself.

"I read about that Soldiers' fund in THE TRIBUNE this morning," he said, "and I couldn't wait to get in and see you. I'm ashamed to come here in this uniform with such an errand, but I must—I must tell you."

HIS ANXIETY LESSENED.
"This is the first morning since the call came for the national guard that I could feel I was going away with an easy mind, and it's as if a load had been rolled off my mind."

He straightened his shoulders, swallowed something in his throat, and plunged ahead.

"I'm in the Second infantry and I've been a waiter at one of the big downtown restaurants. With tips I've earned about \$20 a week. I've a wife and three children at home, the youngest 6 months old, and I guess perhaps we've lived more extravagantly than we should, for I haven't saved a cent. I wasn't expecting a call like this."

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(Continued on page 4, column 5.)

THE HANDS THAT APPLAUD AND THE HANDS THAT CHEER

We Must See That the Men Who Go Away to Fight Do Not Have to Worry About the Ones They Leave Behind.

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SINISTER NEWS OF THE CLASH AT CARRIZAL

Tenth Cavalrymen, Out-numbered, Victims of
Machine Guns.

FACTS NOT YET CLEAR

BY FLOYD P. GIBBONS.
El Paso, Tex., June 23.—[Special.]

Sierra details of the battle of Carrizal reached here early this morning in a special dispatch from Colonia Dublan. It is intimated that, instead of a battle, the encounter may have resulted in a massacre.

The small American detachment of two troops of Negro cavalry men, were attacked by a Mexican force numbering between 500 and 800.

TRAPPED BY FLAG OF TRUCE.
The Americans were fired upon from ambush while they were respecting a flag of truce which had been sent out by a Mexican commander.

When the senior captain, commanding the Americans, ordered his men to dismount and answer the fire the Mexicans poured in a murderous volley from hidden machine guns. The Americans found themselves in a trap. They were being fired upon from three sides. The Mexicans were in a protected position, screened by brush and cottonwood trees,

SECOND BATTLE BETWEEN AMERICAN TROOPS AND MEXICANS IMPENDS

RELIEF FORCE SENT NEGROES NEARING ENEMY

Carranza Commander Bent on Avenging Gomez's Death; Juarez Being Evacuated.

two troops were returning with their wounded progress necessarily was slow and that the relief party would have to travel the entire distance from the main line of communications to Carrizal, some eighty miles.

PLANS NO NEW ACTION. Gen. Funston appeared impressed with the sincerity of the story brought in by the stragglers, but said that it would not cause him to send any new instructions to Gen. Pershing or to any of the border commanders.

Gen. Pershing assured Gen. Funston that he would forward to him as rapidly as possible any additional details he obtained, and until he is in possession of all the facts and is convinced of their accuracy, Gen. Funston will make no move calculated to complicate the situation.

BOTH SIDES LOSE HEAVILY. The reports from Mexican sources assert the Americans were heavier losers than the Mexicans. The Mexican claim is that while fourteen of their number were killed and thirty wounded, the Americans suffered an even dozen killed and lost seventeen as prisoners.

In addition, they say, the Americans had an unknown number of wounded which they carried off with them. They point out also that while the Carranza commander, Gen. Felix Gomez, lost his life, the American leader also was killed.

An unofficial dispatch, coming by way of Columbus, said the Americans held the battle at Carrizal for five hours before retreating, although they were outnumbered five to one. These reports said that the Americans only withdrew when heavy Mexican reinforcements were brought up.

MEXICAN THREAT; VERSION OF BATTLE.

Chihuahua City, Mexico, June 22.—"We will fight the American expeditionary force at any time or any place if the troops move other than toward the border."

This statement was contained in an announcement which was given to the public today by Gen. Jacinto Trevino, Carranza commander of the department of the northwest.

The statement further said that Gen. Trevino, in deciding to adopt this hostile course, was "complying to the letter with the orders of his superior." It was declared that he would be carrying out the same orders that were given to Gen. Felix Gomez, which led to the attack at Carrizal.

GULF TELLS OF FIGHT.

The statement was made in the official announcement of the arrival here of the seventeen members of the Tenth cavalry who were captured in the fight at Carrizal. These soldiers were informed tonight.

In the statement was a story of the fight as told by Lem H. Spillsbury, a Mormon scout for the Americans, who was captured during the fight.

According to this story, seventy-five Negroes, comprising Troop H of the Tenth, Capt. Boyd and Morey, Lieut. Adair, and himself, composed the American detachment.

He said that he saw on the field the bodies of Boyd and Adair and at least eleven of the Negroes. Capt. Morey, he said, was wounded in the shoulder, but escaped.

STORY TOLD BY SPILLSBURY.

Spillsbury's account as given to the news:

"We left Casas Grandes on Sunday morning, arriving outside Carrizal early Wednesday morning."

Capt. Boyd immediately dispatched a courier to the Jeffs politico of the little village, advising him that we were on our way to Villa Ahumada.

"After we had waited some time Lieut. Col. Rivas came out and warned Capt. Boyd that he had better turn back. Capt. Boyd then explained that he was in pursuit of some bandits who, he heard, had looted Santo Domingo, and that he also was bound to catch a Negro deserter who he heard was in Villa Ahumada."

"In reply to this Lieut. Rivas noticed the American that he attempted to advance he would have to pass over the bodies of the Mexicans. He advised Boyd that he had better not argue the matter."

GOMEZ MAKES AN APPEAL.

Rivas returned to the village to report to his superior officer, Gen. Gomez, who sent out a note inviting the Americans to enter Carrizal for a conference. Capt. Boyd declined this invitation.

"Then Gen. Gomez came out in person and insistently urged the Americans to retire, pointing out that his orders from his superiors necessitated his acting on them without further parley. Gen. Gomez repeated these words as he walked away. Boyd merely answered 'All right.'

Gen. Trevino's announcement then goes on to quote Spillsbury as saying that after Gomez had retired to his troops, who were lined up outside the town, Boyd ordered his men to advance, whereupon Spillsbury expostulated with him, arguing that a fight was sure to follow.

FIGHTING STARTS QUICKLY.

Spillsbury is reported as saying that Capt. Boyd "obstinately seemed to think that the Mexican general was only bluffing" and the firing quickly began. He is quoted further:

"Capt. Morey and Lieut. Adair fell, the latter mortally wounded. Capt. Morey was wounded in the shoulder, and immediately the Negroes became demoralized. At the same time the men holding the horses fled with the mounts, leaving behind seventeen Negroes and myself. We were forced to surrender."

Gen. Trevino says that he received some days ago an announcement from Gen. Pershing that he had Gen. Trevino's warning not to move east, south, or west. Since that time four Negroes other than those that had been captured at Carrizal have been captured and are an American.

THE SITUATION IN MEXICO



BY FLOYD P. GIBBONS.
[War Correspondent of The Tribune.]
El Paso, Tex., June 22.—[Special.]—Another battle between American and Mexican troops in the vicinity of Villa Ahumada is a strong prospect of the next twenty-four hours, according to the belief of army officers here.

Two of the opposing forces are believed to be approaching one another at the present time, and in view of the high feeling on both sides and the existence of attacking orders from the Mexican commander-in-chief a clash is believed inevitable.

The American force is composed of two squadrons of the Eleventh cavalry, with an estimated strength of between 300 and 700 men. The size of the Mexican force is unknown here, but its numbers are believed to be vastly superior to that of the American detachment.

Two Forces to Form Junction.

The American force marched out of Colonia Dublan either early this morning or late last night. It was dispatched by Gen. John J. Pershing, with orders to effect a junction with the remainder of the cavalry troop which engaged the Mexicans yesterday morning at Carrizal. The distance between Colonia Dublan and Villa Ahumada is estimated at about seventy miles. On the basis of two forced marches of thirty-five miles each it is possible that the relief expedition has already entered the hostile territory and may even now be engaged with the Mexican troops.

Will Avenge Gomez Death.

Lieut. Col. Rivas, who assumed command of the Mexican forces at Carrizal upon the death of Gen. Gomez, is directing a large force, which is reported moving westward and southward from Villa Ahumada on the trail of the retiring troop of United States cavalry. Rivas is reported to have sworn that he will avenge the death of his chief by taking the lives of a thousand Americans. His force is reported well mounted and armed.

Value telegrams from Chihuahua City indicate the heavy movements of troops from that city over the railroad to the vicinity of Villa Ahumada. Gen. Jacinto Trevino, commander in chief of the Mexican forces in the north, is said to be mobilizing a force of approximately 15,000 men at Villa Ahumada.

Reports Quitting Juarez.

The continued exodus of troops and munitions from Juarez tonight indicated that the garrison of the Mexican town was being withdrawn to a point between Juarez and Villa Ahumada, where they could be held entrained and in readiness for a move in whatever direction reinforcements were needed.

Border guards reported late tonight that Gen. Marcelo Caraveo, a former general officer under Huerta, and about seventy-five officers, exiles from various factions, crossed into Juarez and obtained transportation south. It was said that they expressed the intention of joining Gen. Trevino at Chihuahua and offering their services to the Carranza cause.

Although the Mexican town bore all the evidences of hurried evacuation, army officers at Fort Bliss refused to believe that the maneuver was a bona fide evacuation of the border post.

Well-authenticated reports were brought to Fort Bliss to the effect that troop trains leaving Juarez tonight had carried on them all of the Mexican garrison with the exception of 200 men. Seventeen machine guns and eight mountain pieces of seventy-five millimeter went out on one train.

Only One Train Remains.

There is only one train remaining in the railroad yards and that is under steam, with every appearance of readiness for a hurried move. It is the private train of Gen. Francisco Gonzales, and on flat cars at the rear the two automobiles of the general have been loaded.

At 10 o'clock a civilian guard of 100 armed men relieved the detail of regular soldiers stationed at the Mexican customs house at the end of the international bridge. The streets of the town appeared deserted.

Much support is being given to the theory that in withdrawing from Juarez the Mexicans are executing a feint movement, which might be completed by the dispatching of two or more fast moving columns toward border points on either side of El Paso.

More Mexicans Appear.

At the settlement of Valverde, seven miles east of here, citizens at a late hour reported the sudden appearance of about 300 armed Mexicans on the Mexican side of the border opposite the town.

Fort Bliss responded to the rumor by ordering out two motor cycle companies, which reached the settlement in half an hour and went into camp within rifle range of the Mexican forces.

Street car traffic from El Paso to Juarez, which continued uninterrupted last night, was stopped about 9:30 o'clock tonight.

Approximately one thousand Mexicans crossed the river into El Paso tonight, a number of them being persons who fled to the Mexican town immediately upon the receipt of the news of yesterday's engagement. Many will do residents of Juarez cross riding in their private carriages, asserting that they would feel safer on the American side.

All American troops along the border have been issued extra rations and com-

MEXICANS LURED SAILORS TO TRAP AND THEN FIRED

Official Report Shows Treachery in the Affray at Port of Mazatlan.

MEXICAN CRISIS TOLD IN A NUTSHELL

American soldiers report that Mexicans at Carrizal opened fire without warning during parley.

Second battle between American and Mexican forces in vicinity of Villa Ahumada impends. Carranza commander eager to avenge Gomez death.

Illinois troops to go to border within a week. Gen. Bell gets orders from war department to send first 5,000 mustered into the federal service.

President Wilson tells Latin America that it is not United States intention to intervene in Mexico unless forced. Next war more awaits report on Carrizal battle.

Gen. Trevino says he will again attack American forces if they move in any direction except north in Mexico.

Official report shows that Mexicans lured American sailors into trap at Mazatlan.

The official report of the Mazatlan incident by Commander Kavanagh of the Annapolis follows:

"The Mexican governor issued a manifesto that officers were not to land and a guard was placed on the dock. I sent ashore Ensign Kessing to parley with the Mexicans and to ask them to send for the acting American consul or for one of the Mexican officials, so as to arrange for American citizens coming off to the ship. I sent Paymaster Mowat with the party as interpreter.

"I ordered the boat officer to keep clear of the landing, so that his boat could not be rushed, and I forbade him entering the town.

"By my orders arms were carried concealed in the boat and the boat officers had positive orders to keep them hidden and not to use them unless fired upon.

Were Invited to Land.

"The coxswain of the boat reports that after a brief parley Mowat, the interpreter, informed Ensign Kessing that the Mexican said it would be all right for the boat to land. They did so and were immediately seized. Kessing ordered the boat to return to the ship and report what had happened. When the Mexicans saw the boat start out, he motioned it to return. The coxswain told them to wait a minute and kept heading for the shore.

"When the boat was about 100 feet clear from the dock a Mexican custom official in uniform fired his revolver at the boat, the bullet striking near the stern. Five or six shots were immediately fired at the boat by the Mexican soldiers. Boatswain's Mate Laugher, who was senior in the boat, then ordered the fire to be returned and this was done.

"The Mexicans fled from the dock and taking cover behind the wall and in the dock warehouse, opened a lively fire on the boat. The Mexicans fired in all about 150 shots.

"Laugher was hit twice, once in the arm and once through the bowel. Boatswain Sheats had the skin broken from his finger and the boat was holed many times. In my opinion the boat's crew acted properly in returning the fire, as otherwise they probably all would have been killed.

MEXICO OFFERS AMNESTY EXCEPT TO CERTAIN REBELS.

When the crew began to fire the Mexicans fled from the dock in panic and this gave the boat a chance to get away. The American consul came off to the ship and reported that Gen. Mesta claimed our people began the fight and that one man had been killed and two or three wounded.

"I gave him our version of the affair and assured the general that full satisfaction would be given if the blame was ours and also in that case I would express regret over the affair.

"I requested also that the release of the two men be arranged and that the general allowed Kessing and Mowat to remain on board at 4 p.m. Sunday, they having suffered no harm beyond threats and abuse from the populace and soldiers.

"They were well treated by the military officials. Gen. Mesta sent a polite reply to my letter, saying that he released the officers at my request and also that the men who fired on the boat were Japanese, now in the hospital under the command of Dr. J. H. Jones.

Col. Zinn Gets Regiment.

Col. George A. Zinn, engineering corps, U. S. Army, in charge of the engineering office in Chicago, but who has been stationed in Philadelphia for the last three years, passed through here yesterday on his way to the Mexican border, where he will command a regiment.

The trouble started following the killing of a Mexican by an American, it was reported. The posse was immediately dispatched in three large automobiles.

CLEAR MEXICAN WHO SHOT SIX U. S. SOLDIERS

Naco (Ariz.) Watchman Explains He Mistook Victims for Bandits.



Foreman Clothes Insure Quality

Smashing Values in Foreman Clothes—
\$20 up to \$40

NO-matter whether you
spend much or little, spend it at Foreman's buy quality clothes, good tailoring, a perfect fit and unquestioned style.

Just received several hundred of the newest, snappiest models. We got a big concession from the maker, and offer you the same ratio of saving with the infantry shooting chisel.

Michigan avenue Twelfth street—wives, mothers, and fathers, farwell to the soldiers stood for more than an

ARRIVE THOUSANDS

The first sections before midnight, a reach Camp Dunne

The Eighth, the only Chicago org. Its departure was hours on orders from the press because of the press

The huge structure armory began evening, and by 9 and main floor were Joseph B. Sanborn ordered the bugle 9:15, earlier than he accident of some more persons tried into the building.

MOTHER One mother, who

mission of Maj. A. allowed to remain son until the final crumpled in a hysterical command of the big drill hall.

She was assisted friends and a few walking proudly by hand first to the band and batte

The throngs of people poured out of the soldiers and marched on either side of them playing as they passed the men stopping their feet until the band was heard but the

Nearly every window the boulevard contained waving handkerchiefs, left the table and rushed to open

Halt for

The band halted and the companies side of the street, given the last chance or hug. Sweethearts the presence of a crowd, who applauded by the girls they

The band played hour while the majority "being taboo" Sanborn. At 11:45 began entraining and the second and at 12:15, R. J. Carr for the Illinois Central saw that the trains were and a record in established. It was the delay and confusion of the First cavalry on

The only ones left Capt. Carroll M. G. twelve men, who were

"Fighting Seven" 15,000 persons vicinity of the Halsted and the Chicago and Alton to wave farewells the "Fighting Seven" the First regiment duplicated at their home fourth street and The drill hall was a relatives were unable and were compelled kisses as they walked on the way

Col. Daniel J. Morris, and daughter Mary, but Lieut. Col. Fortune. When the came he looked about the daughter, but she said

Special Bag Sale

Present market value, \$6; on sale at

\$4.65

We negotiated a special purchase of traveling bags at substantial price concessions and now extend the benefit to our patrons. The bags are sturdily constructed of tan cow-hide, over a solid steel frame, leather lined, three pockets, equipped with drop-lock and drop-catches, strong leather handle, 16 in. and 18 in. sizes, well worth \$6, special at \$4.65.

Luggage Shop, Fifth Floor.

THE H

* * * GREAT CROWDS MARCH BESIDE INFANTRY REGIMENTS ON ROAD TO TRAINS

BOYS SING AS
THEY START
ON JOURNEYFirst, Second, and Sev-
enth Arrive in Camp
Today.

Real red, white, and blue patriotism—the hip, hip, hooray kind that makes a shiver run down your spine and compels you, if you are a man, to shake your hat aloft and shout until you're hoarse when Old Glory passes by, or prompts you, if you are a woman, to rock out and bug every khaki-clad nephew of Uncle Sam as the lallywallywahs pass—

That was the spirit that seized Chicago last night and imbued the thousands of relatives and friends who made the city's three infantry regiments; the First, Second, and Seventh, godspeed on their way to Springfield and Mexico.

THOUSANDS MARCH ALONG.

Scenes seldom equaled in the city's history were enacted in the armories and in the streets when 3,500 men marched to the various entraining rendezvous. Fully 30,000 men, women, and children marched every step of the way to trains with the infantrymen, singing, weeping, shouting, waving flags, and handkerchiefs.

Michigan avenue from Van Buren to Twelfth street was filled by hundreds of wives, mothers, and sweethearts, bidding farewell to the First regiment as the soldiers stood in the broad boulevard for more than an hour.

ARRIVE THIS MORNING.

The first sections began leaving shortly before midnight, and the regiments will reach Camp Dunne before 7 this morning.

The Eighth, the Negro regiment, is the only Chicago organization left behind; its departure was delayed twenty-four hours on orders from Adj't Gen. Dickson because of the present insanitary condition of their camping quarters.

The huge structure of the First Regiment armory began filling up early in the evening, and by 9 o'clock the galleries and main floor were so jammed that Col. Joseph B. Sanborn feared a panic. He ordered the bugler to sound assembly at 10, earlier than he intended, for fear an accident of some kind might happen if more persons tried to crowd their way into the building.

MOTHER COLLAPSES.

One mother, who had begged the permission of Maj. Abel Davis to be allowed to remain on the floor with her son until the final word to go came, crumpled in a hysterical heap when the command of "fall in" echoed through the big drill hall.

She was assisted to an anteroom by friends and a few moments later was walking proudly beside her son's company down the boulevard.

So great was the throng that the ranks of the soldiers were broken as they emerged from the building, but they soon re-formed and stepped along to the tune of "Marching Through Georgia." Col. Sanborn, and the members of his staff were the first to march out. Then came the band and battalions in numerical order, with Maj. Davis at the head of the first.

The throngs of relatives and friends poured out of the armory beside the soldiers and marched in straggling array on either side of them. The band stopped playing as they passed St. Luke's Hospital, the men stopped singing, and nothing was heard but the rhythmic shuffle of their feet on the asphalt.

Nearly every window of the hotels along the boulevard contained one or more women waving handkerchiefs and cheering. Breakfast tables in the Blackstone and Rush were set to the max and rushed to open windows to cheer.

HALT FOR LAST KISS.

The band halted at Van Buren street and the companies halted on the west side of the street, where relatives might bid them good-bye. No one had been allowed inside the armory after 5 o'clock. The intersection was so jammed, however, that the men were kept on the move until they reached Hoyne avenue, where the halt was made. There the thousands of men, women and children who had followed beside them were given the chance for which they had been waiting for four days.

Order to March Comes.

There was only one heavy heart in the regiment and that belonged to Fred W. Berger of Company C, who received word shortly before he left that a son born to his wife in the University hospital earlier in the day had died and that Mrs. Berger was in a serious condition. It takes three days to obtain a burial, and he probably will not be able to attend the funeral.

Strength of Regiments.

The total fighting strength of the four regiments, including recruits accepted up until 6 o'clock last evening, follows:

Men. men. Total.

First Infantry... 1,022 51 1,073

Second Infantry... 1,156 55 1,214

Seventh Infantry... 1,178 53 1,231

Eighth Infantry... 1,388 56 1,442

Total... 4,642

The Eighth will be increased by 100 when it is joined at Springfield by companies from Bloomington and Quincy.

Orders for Eighth.

Adj't Gen. Dickson supplemented his instructions to Col. Denison by phone with the following telegram:

"After inspection by governor and myself of the condition of preparations, airships, and shower baths for your regiment, we find these so retarded by heavy rains that it is deemed inadvisable to bring the command in tomorrow.

Therefore you will advise each of your company commanders that the schedules as furnished today will be used by them in the mobilization of regiment except for a delay of twenty-four hours. That is to say, the regiment will reach Springfield Saturday morning instead of Friday morning as originally arranged."

FIRST CAVALRY PITCHING TENTS AT CAMP LINCOLN, SPRINGFIELD

CHOCOLATE FOR
OUR TROOPERS

And Women Also May Send
Along a Few Magazines
and Cigarettes.

Life's little luxuries, including maga-
zines, milk chocolates, and cigarettes, will
be had to the lot of Illinois national guards-
men as soon as the woman's auxiliary of
the National Security League has per-
fected its plans.

The Security women will cooperate with
the wives, mothers, and sisters of the col-
ege of the various regiments in the dis-
tribution of the material to the men at
Springfield. Mrs. John J. Garrity, wife of
the colonel of the Second regiment, and
Miss Agnes Foreman, sister of Col. Mil-
ton J. Foreman of the First cavalry, are
already pledged their active aid. The
first consignment of first aids to be ex-
pected will be sent to the camps before

the end of the week.

Chaplains Leave Today.

Father E. A. Kelly and Father John O'Hearn, chaplains of the regiment, will leave today.

The last hour spent by the Second regi-
ment in its armory at 2633 West Madison
street was spent in regimental drill, fol-
lowed by music. The bugle sounded at 10
o'clock and Col. John J. Garrity marched
out at the head of his men. He was fol-
lowed by his staff officers. Next came
100 members of the veteran corps as an
honorary escort, led by Col. H. G. Pur-
tington. The men stopped singing, and noth-
ing was heard but the rhythmic shuffle of
their feet on the asphalt.

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the regiment will reach Springfield Saturday
morning instead of Friday morning as origi-
nally arranged."

MEXICAN CRISIS BRINGS
SEVEN WAR WEDDINGS.

Judge Dial, sitting in the County
building as the marrying judge, yesterday
performed marriage ceremonies for seven
militiamen and their fiancées. The names
of the couple follow:

Bradden Patten, Chicago, Eighth
regiment, Company D—Miss Mamie
Cobb, Chicago.

Edward Holland, Chicago, Eighth
regiment, Company A, machine gun
corps—Miss Lillian Owens, Chicago.

Joseph M. Braus, Chicago, Seventh
regiment, Company A—Miss Anna
Hochwarter, Chicago.

Norman Gauvreau, Chicago, Sev-
enth regiment, Company H—Miss
Marie O. Schippers (Miss Schippers
is only 17 years old, but her mother
consented to the marriage.)

Chester Breher, Brookfield, First
infantry, Company C—Miss Margorie
M. Clark, Berwyn.

Albert R. Grill, Chicago, Second
infantry, Company E—Miss Teresa
Sherman, Chicago.

Patrick L. Quilligan, Chicago, First
infantry, Third battalion, Company M—
Miss Asbie M. Browne, Chicago.

Private E. L. Martin of Company D,
First infantry, considered a week's
honeymoon entirely too short. Capt.
Robert H. Smith was requested to ac-
cept his resignation so that he could
stay home with his wife. But Capt.
Smith was adamant. The last hour of
Private Martin was that he was en route
to Springfield and his bride wasn't along-

with him.

These Women Back Move.

The auxiliary is officered by Mrs. Arthur S. Chamberlin, president; Mrs. B. A. Fessenden, vice president, and Mrs. Elizabeth Curtis Nolan, secretary. In the auxiliary workers are included Miss Dorothy Fessenden of Highland Park, Mrs. Helen Dickinson Luther, Mrs. Duane McNaught, Mrs. William D. Washburn, and Mrs. Melba Wynn.

Miss Fessenden, who has graduated
from a course of training in the American
Red Cross, and is expecting to be assigned
to duty on the Mexican border, will repre-
sent the auxiliary at the front if the Illinois
men are sent south and will act as
a purveyor of lights and literature.

HUGHES' SON A CORPORAL.

Archibald Roosevelt to Be Quartermaster
and Gaston Sergeant, Opera
Star, Promoted at Plattsburgh.

Plattsburgh, N. Y., June 22—Charles H.
Hughes, Jr., son of the Republican nomi-
nating for president, is to be a corporal in
the training regiment here, as shown by
the list of officers given out by Maj. Mu-
rray. Archie Roosevelt, son of Theodore
Roosevelt, is to be a battalion quar-
termaster. Gaston Sergeant, principal han-
somer of the Chicago Opera company, has
been promoted to corporal.

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DOES YOUR STOMACH GOOD?

Hofwold's Acid Phosphate—Aids diges-
tion, allays thirst, and is especially re-
freshing in hot weather. Buy a bottle
today.

TAKING CARE OF
SOLDIER BOYS

Doctors at Springfield on
Guard Against All Possi-
ble Ill Health Causes.

Springfield, Ill., June 22—(Special)—

The "doctor" of Troop street is the
sanitary corps. He is the camp bus-
boy, booster, every one's housekeeper
and Instigator for cleanliness until a fel-
low almost gets a suspicion he is work-
ing for a soap company.

He scolds the cook for dirty hands
and chewing tobacco. He makes more
commotion than a panic if he discovers
a scrap of garbage in camp.

Touring the Camp.

Capt. Maurice Blatt of the First cav-
alry sanitary corps today took a Turners
report on a tour of the camp, showing
and explaining what had been done and
what more needs to be done to safeguard
the health of the men.

We came to Camp Lincoln some days
before the fighting men," he said. "We
made a wide deour of the camp grounds,
oil all pools and places of swampy ap-
pearance, which might be breeding
place of mosquitoes.

"Water supply, always of prime
importance, was then investigated. The
water was good. We treat all water used
for cooking or drinking with calcium hy-
droxide. This is sufficient to kill ty-
phoid germs if they exist."

"Of course all the men are vaccinated
against typhoid and smallpox."

All edibles are kept in waterproof boxes
raised from the ground. The troops come
to the service fly tent at mass time, each
man bringing his own plate, cup, and eat-
ing utensils. After dinner the scraps are
emptied in the garbage cans (which,
by the way, are whitewashed daily) and
then the cook furnishes soaped water for
washing the dishes and clear water for
rinsing. That clears up the mess nicely
and there is no dirt on Troop street."

In the Sleeping Tents.

Capt. Blatt then led the way to the
sleeping tents. A drain trench six or eight
inches deep and eight inches wide
girdles each sleeping tent. That is to pre-
vent water from flowing under the tent
in case of rain. The tents are supplied
with canvas.

"They have to keep these traps up during
the day," said Capt. Blatt, "for thorough
ventilation. Pleasant nights they are left
up to, too. Also, if the day is clear
the men have to give their blankets and
bed clothing a sun bath in Troop street."

Troop street is the space between the
front doors of all tents of one troop
and the back doors of the opposite troop.
The troop facing the street is responsible
for its care—for every sort of paper or
refuse that litters it. At Camp Lincoln
the men have the use of the shower baths."

A Tender Lot of Care.

A tender lot of care, Sam Hill, the
great American enlisted man. An almost
neurotic concern for his men.

His drinking and playing, the cost of his
tongue and the cost of his back, his
sleeping and waking hours, and even his
little dalliance with love, are matters that
the watchful sanitary corps has close to
heart. For government loves its men as
a miser loves gold.

And democracy is the keynote. It is

Joe Taylor of Keokuk and Bill Smith of
Aurora and Arthur FitzCorrak of

Massachusetts

and

Mississippi

and

Mississippi

and

Mississippi

and

Mississippi

SOLDIERS' FUND LIFTS WORRY FROM NATIONAL GUARD PATRIOTS

DEFENSIVE WAR ONLY—WILSON TO LATIN-AMERICA



Shall They Suffer?

Next Mexican Move Awaits Gen. Pershing's Report on Carrizal Battle.

(Continued from first page.)

necessarily foreclose the possibility of eventual intervention.

They said that while the president has set forth his present intentions, subsequent developments might force the United States to adopt the extreme course of intervention for the purpose of reorganizing the Mexican government.

But should war be declared, it was stated, intervention would not be the object aimed at, subject, as such action might be, to the inference that the United States, in proposing to pacify the country and set up a government, was prepared to assume, with all the other burdens involved, the responsibility for the payment of the foreign claims against Mexico.

Await Pershing Report.

At a late hour tonight the war department was still awaiting an official report from Gen. Pershing concerning yesterday's fight at Carrizal.

Until such a report is received, it was stated in administration circles, the president will make no move. It was explained that there had been only one communication received from Mexican sources and from two Americans who were on a train with wounded Mexican soldiers from Villa Abundio to Juarez and overheard scraps of their conversation.

Elioto Arendondo, the Mexican ambassador-designate, called at the state department today and presented to Secretary Lansing the following communication received by the ambassador from Francisco Aguirre, Mexican minister of foreign relations, dated yesterday:

"Please inform the government of the importance of this that an engagement occurred today at Carrizal, near Villa Abundio, Chihuahua, between American forces numbering about two hundred men and a force of our government troops. During this engagement Gen. Felix Gomez and several of our soldiers as well as several Americans were killed."

American Force Blamed.

Our forces captured seventeen prisoners and, according to a statement made by the interpreter, who was acting as guide for the American troops, the commander of the latter is responsible for the engagement.

"Please inform the proper representations to the department and say to the secretary of state that this government finds it difficult to understand that the above American troops which took part in the engagement should have been at Carrizal, a point on the Mexican Central railway, a short distance from Ciudad Juarez and rather far from the point alleged to be the base of the rest of the troops which entered Mexico from Columbus, N. M. Further details will follow."

Mr. Arendondo stated that he had also asked the secretary for the release of press reports that Gen. Pershing had dismissed the Mexican garrison at Chihuahua, stating that if the reports were true his government would be forced to regard it as an act of hostility.

Determine Attitude Later.

Mr. Lansing informed the ambassador that with respect to the Carrizal incident the American government was still awaiting a report from the American commander and would determine its attitude after receiving it.

Concerning the reports from Chihuahua, the secretary assured Mr. Arendondo that he would make inquiries. Subsequently he learned from the war department that no confirmation had ever been received of these reports.

Postmaster General Burrows, who saw the president early this morning, said: "I did not talk about Mexico with the president. I do not know who started the fight at Carrizal. My personal opinion is that if our soldiers were to blame we ought to have the honesty and courtesy to admit it. If the Mexicans were to blame, that, I suppose, would lead to more of the same."

No Fight Report to Pershing.

Thus far the only word received by the war department from Gen. Pershing was through a telegram this afternoon from Gen. Funston stating that while he, Pershing, had not received a report on the clash, he had sent out two squadrons of the Illinois cavalry with instructions to get in touch with the members of the Tenth that was engaged in the fight.

Gen. Pershing added that all his men were under positive instructions to do nothing which would precipitate a fight with Carrancistas. Gen. Funston added

SOROSIS
REDUCTION SALE

Women's Boots and Low Cut Shoes That Have Sold

FOR
\$7.00
to
\$12.00
NOW
\$5.85
and
\$7.85

These are this season's models made on our best fitting lasts. The styles introduced this year are our best selling lines which have become slightly broken in since. Therefore the reduction for QUICK SELLING.

SOROSIS SHOE CO. 59 East Madison Street Between Wabash and Michigan

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CHICAGO FINANCIERS ACT TO GIVE MILITIA GOOD ARMAMENT

Will Underwrite Arming of Regiments Pending Raising of City-Wide Fund.

Chicago financiers came to the front yesterday with a proposal—pending a city-wide solicitation as funds to underwrite the arming of the Illinois regiments with machine guns—the kind of guns the Mexicans are prepared with for the "front."

After a few hurried telephone conversations, following the disclosures in this newspaper that the Illinois guard was without a single machine gun adapted to modern warfare, the announcement was made that negotiations were under way for the purchase of twenty pieces of approved type, and that wires were being pulled to guarantee immediate delivery, even to the extent of diverting material ordered by the "front."

Dawes Calls Meeting.

The gathering that was called by Charles G. Dawes, president of the Central Trust company, in the directors' room at noon for the formation of a permanent organization to accept contributions, retained the informal name that had been used earlier in the day. Maj. Robert R. McCormick of the First cavalry was designated to receive and distribute among the Illinois men the guns that are to be shipped by rail express to Springfield, if the deal can be completed.

The \$2,000 contribution made by J. Ogden Armour was accepted as the start of the fund and another contribution of \$1,000 from Mrs. Robert S. McCormick was acknowledged. It was decided to place no limit on the amount to be collected.

Send Out Circulars.

President Dawes was elected chairman of the committee and was made treasurer to receive contributions of all amounts and from any source. Mr. Dunham was chosen permanent secretary and plans were outlined for circularizing the business interests of the city for offerings from them, to put their shoulders to the wheel, pending which Mr. Dawes will issue voluntary subscriptions sent to him in person or by mail.

The following were named as a working nucleus, all of the appointees agreeing immediately upon notification to swing in:

Charles G. Dawes,
J. Ogden Armour,
Julius Rosenwald,
James A. Fatten,
Samuel Insull,
John J. Earling.

Statement by Mr. Armour.

"We intend to cooperate with the national government and show the men who have enlisted from Illinois that it is not intended to see them go into war without the guns to do their best work or to be sheltered," Mr. Armour explained. "A movement of this kind is properly supported, will give the men of Chicago an opportunity to bring the efficiency and preparedness of the Illinois regiments up to the standard of the New York guard. There they have eight machine guns to the regiment and in addition they have regiments of all descriptions and other equipment which is not available to the business interests. Illinois regiments have no guns and they have no regiments. That was the way the English handled the matter when they were suddenly thrown into a war. Private subscriptions furnished machine guns for months before the government saw the light."

Can't Wait on Nation.

"It is not enough to say that it is the government's business to furnish these things." President Dawes replied to one suggested criticism of the movement. "It is the government's business, but will holding the government responsible in case of a failure give up back our men who will be slaughtered in such an event? We propose by a big popular movement to show that if anything is left undone our citizens will make it up. We will come to the government in this way, and demand that it be done, and maybe by bringing intelligent pressure to bear we will be able in some measure to prevent the recurrence of some of the mistakes made in this war and by ourselves in 1914."

Here is big work for big Americans."

Appeal Wires to Morgan.

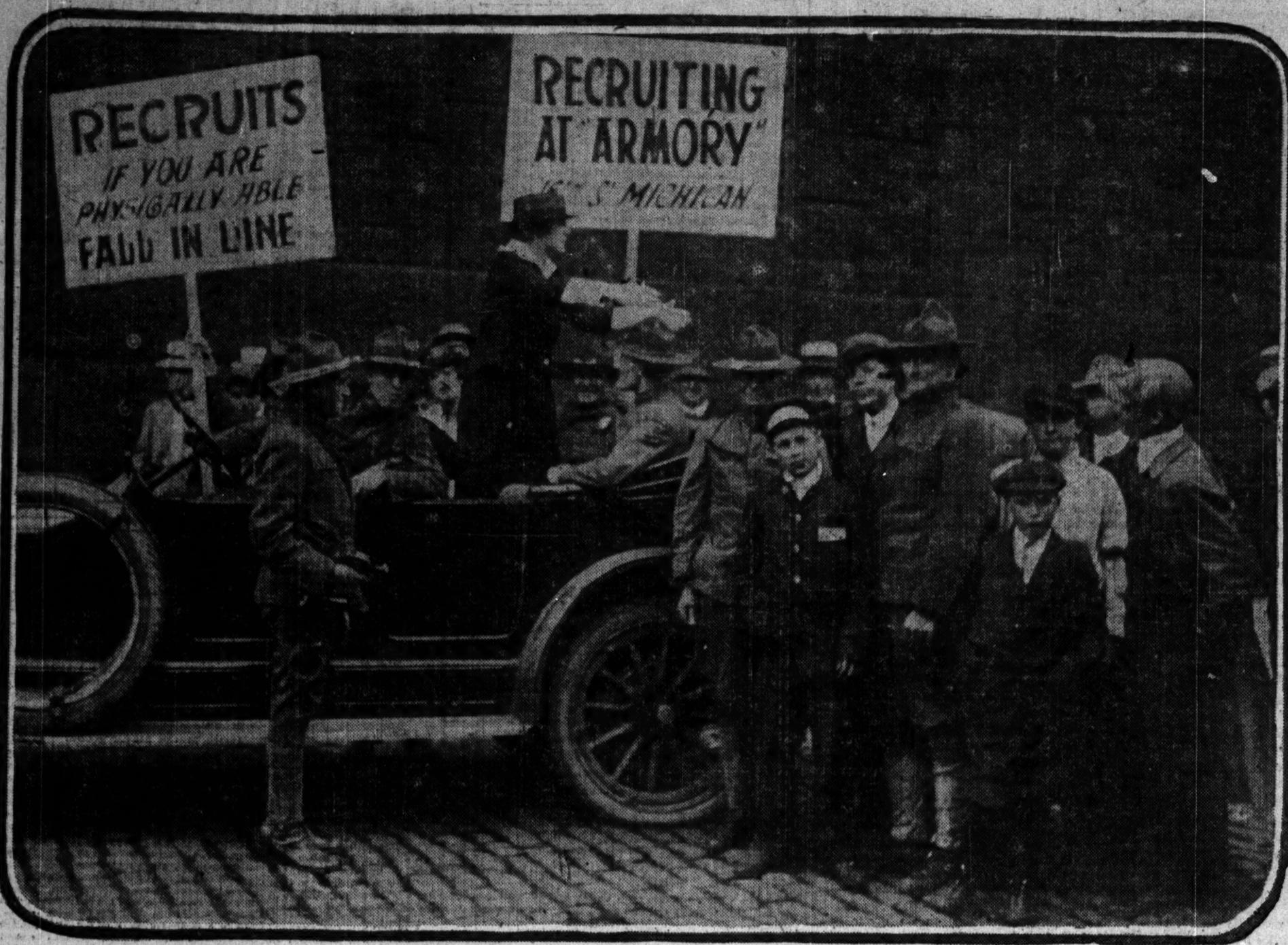
Following advice from New York last night stating that foreign governments had the entire output of the American factories bought up, Maj. McCormick, head of the Chicago committee, wired J. P. Morgan & Co., the allies' agents in the United States, the following appeal:

"Upon consideration of the machine gun question I beg to make the following suggestion to you, with the request that you forward it to the agent of the government which have contracted for machine guns. We are in dire need for immediate

BUSINESS MEN PLAN TO GIVE ILLINOIS BOYS MACHINE GUNS

GETTING RECRUITS FOR FIRST INFANTRY

Madge Pietz, a Belle of the Regiment, is Assisting Lieut. Keating and His Squad in Securing New Volunteers to Bring Col. Sanborn's Command Up to War Strength.



EXPERTS NEEDED FOR GUN SQUADS

Crozier' Indicates Strict
Rules Will Be Used
in the Future.

BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.
Washington, D. C., June 22.—[Special.] A radical change in the enlistment of national guardmen is forecast by the informal recommendation of Gen. Crozier, chief of ordnance, in an exclusive interview for THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE today, that hereafter machine gun units, to date, that hereafter machine gun units be made up only of men with genuine knowledge of machinery.

"There has been violent criticism of the ordnance department over the machine gun situation," he said. "It has been impossible to get a clear understanding of the situation before the public because the problem is a highly technical one which cannot be grasped unless one has some technical training."

Vickers Gun an Example.

"For example, the models for the new Vickers gun, for which we are to spend \$150,000 on, on the first order, have been ready for more than two years, and yet we have not been able to get them delivered and will not be able to do so for several months. The answer is that the machine gun is of such a sort that the gun cannot be turned out until everything is precisely right. The demand for machine guns as a result of the war has, of course, delayed us immeasurably."

"People fall to look on the machine

When

a reliable piano has been successfully manufactured and sold for nearly three-quarters of a century it is generally supposed to be excessively high in price.

Contrary to the opinion shared by some, the

Vose

is not a high priced instrument, especially so when quality, tone, action, durability, reputation, etc., are taken into consideration.

For example—The illustration above shows one of our most popular styles—an artistic effect in beautifully figured mahogany. Its price is

\$360

In Circassian Walnut, \$375.

Compare the Vose with instruments of the highest grade. You will then realize the sterling value offered in this time tested, time honored instrument.

Convenient payments may be arranged.

Vose & Sons Piano Co.

309 South Wabash Avenue

No Waste, No Rind, All Cheese

The only
cheese so thoroughly
good, and so perfectly
prepared that it carries
a guarantee to stay fresh
forever.

ELKHORN KRAFT CHEESE

Nothing Like It Ever Produced

Comes in parchment-lined, sanitary
re-opening cans. Keep on hand
for quick and convenient service.

On sale at all leading grocers.

J. L. KRAFT & BROS. CO.

Chicago, New York

Elkhorn Cheese in packages—30 other varieties



GOVERNMENT PURCHASES SUPPLIES WORTH \$7,000,000

Several Carloads of Munitions Are
Leaving the Arsenals Daily for
Riverview to Simulate Real Battalions.

Spanish War Veterans Turned at
Riverview to Simulate Real Battalions.

Spanish War Veterans Turned at
Riverview to Simulate Real Battalions.

Residents of the north part of the city
need not think tomorrow that the city
is being bombarded by a hostile force. The
rattle of musketry and artillery is part of
the military and naval tournament and
review to be held at Riverview park in the
afternoon. It will be under the auspices
of the executive committee of the
United States War Veterans.

Three carloads of munitions will be used. It was transported yester-
day from the Second Infantry armory to the
amusement park, where a guard was
placed over it.

Illinois naval reserves, marines from
the Great Lakes Training station, old
Battery D, the local division of the Sixth
Infantry, I. N. G., and Chicago's mounted
police will be on hand.

If the president issues a call for volunteers,
the veterans are ready to supply at least
100,000 trained men on the first call. These
men have had actual war training and are
ready to respond to short notice.

**RIFLE AND CANNON FIRE
WILL STIR UP RESIDENTS.**

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The Chicago Tribune.

THE WORLD'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

FOUNDED JUNE 16, 1847.

ENTERED AS SECOND CLASS MATTER JUNE 16, 1868, AT THE POSTOFFICE AT CHICAGO, ILL., UNDER ACT OF MARCH 3, 1879.

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FRIDAY, JUNE 23, 1916.

"Our Country! In her intercourse with foreign nations may she always be in the right; but our country, right or wrong."

—Stephen Decatur.

THE SPIRIT OF '98.

The spirit of '98 is that the matter with the government of this nation. The spirit of '76 is pretty at the head of a parade. The spirit of '98 spreads disease and fills hospitals, gives soldiers bad and improperly cooked food or does not give them any and sends them to do their work without their equipment. It worked in the war with Spain. It is at work now.

The spirit of '98 cheers at a military band and does not care whether the men behind the band have machine guns or not. It intoxicates itself with maudlin heroics, but is unconcerned whether the army has soup kitchens, trucks, or aeroplanes.

It is of no consequence whether the men have new boots. It is sufficient that the flag waves. In the most serious business a nation can undertake it would seem possible to attain some sobriety of thought and some intelligence of opinion.

How we, people and government both, have managed to watch nearly two years of the worst warfare the world ever knew and learn nothing is a mystery. Seemingly Europe has not even a sense of proportion. With our eyes just taken off the fight for Verdun we can think of the skirmish provoked at Carrizal as a "bloody battle."

We have no appreciation of realities. If the ears are filled with noise and the eyes with adjectives it is sufficient.

No wonder that our soldiers have no machine guns, aeroplanes, soup kitchens, or trucks. The machine guns are a mobile army's protective weapons. Our army has so few that we can say it has none. Aeroplanes are an army's eyes. Our army is blind. Soup kitchens are an army's stomach. We shall have nothing but intestinal diseases. Trucks are the feet of an army. Ours has hard work to get even shoes.

Blame for mismanagement can be distributed throughout all branches of government, but some of it will come back upon the people. They furnish the soldiers and they make the government, and if they will pay no attention to lessons and give no heed to experience, their government will misbehave and their soldiers will suffer.

The Illinois national guard already has had enough experience to discover in practical fashion the total insufficiency of arrangements for its use, but nothing is happening that has not been predicted for a year, or longer.

The fact that the machine gun companies of the Illinois guard must be equipped by private subscription and that money has been subscribed by citizens for that purpose now is sufficient betrayal of the whole fabric of national defense.

We seem to consider our army as something that in any emergency can find three or four months for preparation. We seem incapable of learning. As a people we seem drugged by illusion. The government we tolerate is blind and deaf. It cannot see. It will not think. Experience means nothing. Burned fingers seek the fire again and again as if no relation between cause and effect could be perceived. An idiot hurts itself and tries to find the reason for pain by hurting itself again in the same way.

If every man in the United States were roaring mad, responsibility for conduct would be found. Every man in the United States who cares anything for the United States ought to be roaring mad. The stupidity of our national behavior could find its like only in China.

The emotion you feel as the band plays and the flag goes by at the head of a regiment is a pitiful substitute for intelligence. We approach our most serious affairs inebriate. We do not remember and we will not learn. We dodge realities and chase rainbows.

IRRESPONSIBLE PROSECUTION.

Judge Anderson of the United States Circuit court did a public service some time ago by rebuking an ill-considered prosecution under the Mann act. He has done another public service by speaking his mind concerning the prosecution of B. A. Eckhart for robbing. The prosecutor was told pungently that if his contention were sound, "a man's liberty would not be unsafe but he wouldn't get off with carfare to get home to his family at night."

The present prosecution was the recrudescence of a previous one which blew up completely, and the revival looks more like persecution than prosecution, especially in the case of a man of Mr. Eckhart's sterling character. It would seem that, when the injustice and public damage done by reason of the highly general terms of the anti-trust act are so widely realized, a public prosecutor would make sure of his grounds before submitting a client held in such high and deserved public esteem as Mr. Eckhart to the undeserved humiliation of indictment.

It is a satisfaction that Mr. Eckhart has been so promptly and emphatically vindicated. But it is not creditable to the district attorney's office that such a prosecution was attempted.

RECRUITING FOR THE GUARD.

The Illinois national guard, not yet recruited to war strength, is either at Springfield or on the way there. More men will have to be enlisted. There are many men in the ranks who will be rejected by the federal medical inspection. There are men there, too, who will suffer from disease and sickness. These places will be left vacant. There are many more also in the ranks who have no business there because they are needed more at home—men who will make paupers of their wives and children by fighting for the country. If fighting occurs there will be killed and wounded.

Only a few of the guard units have left behind organizations for filling vacancies, for recruiting and training new men at home. Practically no means are at hand for providing new equipment for the state army as the old is worn out or used up. Many of the companies are in Springfield without cooks and without mechanics. These will have to be provided if the Illinois guard is to be even passably effective.

A move to establish depots in the home cities of the guard units will have to be initiated by the adjutant general.

Probably no other officer in Illinois has authority to inaugurate this constructive work of building up

the guard. If Gen. Dickson cares to do so, he will find at his disposal those people in Chicago who understand the value of efficiency and who want the Illinois state troops to be up to strength and fully equipped.

A reserve of national guardsmen will also eliminate some of the injustices which our volunteer system brings with it. If a sufficient number of new recruits are found, it will be possible to fill the ranks with men who can be spared most conveniently from civil life, and to return some less easily spared to the reserve. Some of the wives of guardsmen will not have to depend on the charity of the soldiers' fund until at least a greater crisis calls them out.

Injustice and inefficiency are inherent in the volunteer system, but the injustice and the inefficiency can be lessened by common sense and careful organization.

GET MACHINE GUNS.

The lack of machine guns means the death of American soldiers. To send our men into the field without them is nothing less than a government crime.

A group of Chicago's public spirited citizens have determined that this crime shall not be perpetrated if they can help it. As a result of the prompt and generous action of a committee consisting of Charles Gates Dawes, J. Ogden Armour, Julius Rosenwald, James A. Patten, Samuel Insull, and A. J. Earling the first steps to prevent it have been taken.

FORTUNATELY for the Mex., they know nothing of the horrors of dentistry, else they would quail on learning that seven dentists have enlisted from Missouri and six from New Jersey.

They will be assigned to the engineering corps for bridge work.

A LINE O' TYPE OR TWO.

Motto: *How to the Line, let the quips fall where they may.*

THE TWENTIETH OF JUNE.

LIGHT of step and light of heart,
Soldier lads go by,
Beckoned south to play a part,
Be it do or die.

LIGHT of heart and light of step,
March the lads away,
Swinging, singing, full of "pep,"
Let it come what may!

TIME enough to think of fear
When the danger's nigh;
Time enough for sigh and tear
When it's time to sigh.

THIS is the wish of we who stay,
Watchers in the rain:
Lightly as you march away,
Come you home again!

THE Illinois troops are without machine guns, but according to Mr. Bryan's notion of an armed citizenry, they are to get their machine guns by taking them away from the enemy.

FORTUNATELY for the Mex., they know nothing of the horrors of dentistry, else they would quail on learning that seven dentists have enlisted from Missouri and six from New Jersey. They will be assigned to the engineering corps for bridge work.

THE Second Post.

(Dr. Donaghay, writing from Montana to Dr. Hammond.)

... I've already made myself master of a chaparral, and am acquiring familiarity in throwing a burro, although at present I confine myself to a rope not more than 15 yards long. That is the way Fred Stone and Will Rogers learned. While riding the chaparral yesterday, and leading a yearling canyon, the damned animal stepped on a corral. I heard the warning his just in time, grabbed the brand from the canyon's flanks, and caught the corral between the eyes just as it began to unclo for the spring. I killed it. It had four full-grown hombres, showing it to be little more than nine years old. 'Tis the life!

"THIS quartette," said the speaker of the evening, in the Congregational church at Tonica, Ill., "sings for nothing; it sings for the kingdom of God." And fortunately there are no musical critics in heaven.

MORE OF THAT SNAPPY STUFF.

(From another Fu-Manchu yarn in Collier's.)

"In a word, gentlemen," snapped Nayland Smith.

"Has Fu-Manchu never attempted outrage, murder, in the heart of London before?" he snapped.

"Turn up the light!" snapped Smith.

"I am looking," snapped Smith.

"For reaching windows on an upper floor," snapped my friend.

"I am not an inspector," snapped Smith.

"Note," snapped Smith, but his voice was slightly hoarse.

TRY THESE ON YOUR SNAPPER. A. J. C.

ENGINEERING AND CONTRACTING prints four pictures taken "from an abandoned editor's desk." As if there were any other kind of editor.

OVERHEARD on a Clark Street car.

"Well, Chicago's quite a burg, ain't it? Better'n Philly or Boston or any o' them towns. But little ole Noo Yawk's got it on it."

"Yep—so's St. Louis."

"Been in St. Louis."

"Sure. Lived there during the Fair."

"Zat so: I wuz there then. I been to all the Fairs—St. Louis, Chicago, Buffalo. I worked at the Chicago Fair 'n the Buffalo Fair all durin' both o' em."

"I didn't see th' Chicago Fair but I heard all about it. When wuz th' Chicago Fair?"

"Why, man, the Chicago Fair was in 1896, the time of the Spanish-American war. Don't you remember? It was durin' a Democratic administration, 'cause I know they wuz hard times. McKinley was president. After the Chicago Fair I went to Buffalo and worked for a concession all durin' the Fair."

"Yurright, yurright. I remember now. McKinley wuz president. What become o' him?"

"I disremember. I went down to the Buffalo Fair while McKinley wuz president, 'n I didn't pay no attention to politics."

Conductor: "All out!"

J. F. D.

FOOTIE FROG.

(From the Tribune, S. G. Gazette.)

Mr. Lee Add Blakely had an encounter with a pawing frog the other day and the mule relieved him of one of his toes, and miraculously, did not the toe on either side of the victim more than scratch. Add is hoping about again, but a new foot and a half will soon fit him.

WHY expect?" asks an editorial colleague, "that politics, the most human activity of man, will get above the general level of other things?" Well, it rises above the general level in England; why not about it? It rises here, too.

GEORGE'S RECENT BIRTHDAY.

George's recent birthday, is a younger brother of the present Lord Saye and Sele, eighteenth baron of Selby, and eleventh baron of Kirkcudbright.

He is a member of parliament for the Banbury division of Oxfordshire, is married to the daughter and heiress of one of the South African diamond kings and is a multi-millionaire of the name of Rutherford, of Wynberg, Cape of Good Hope, widow of A. W. Fletcher, and he has a large family.

He is a good deal of military service, first in connection with the Boer War, then in the South African war of sixteen years ago, and last year on the peninsula.

SULLIVAN WRITES: "HAVE tuberculosis."

AM taking the cure for the last five months in the Sullivan county mountains. Never had any fever, pain, and temperature. AM abnormal, but as sound as I can be. I enter a warm room or take a cold bath the blood flushes to my face and it feels like little stiches of pins and needles."

REPLY.

The use of sulphur is not generally advisable for fumigation, although it has disinfecting power. Formaldehyde is preferable.

J. G. ASKS: "I am building a sleeping porch and since we expect to occupy it

REPLY.

These symptoms usually denote a sensitive skin and are common in people who have been in the sun or in water.

REPLY.

Any such danger comes from the character of the disease itself and not from taking of vaccine.

[A] Does a cavity ever hurt? [b] Why does a cavity need to be specially treated?

REPLY.

[a] A cavity can never fully or properly heal, unless you keep it clean and remain dry.

[b] The increased danger of such a cavity is that the disease may more easily become active again, and also that there might be hemorrhages from the brittle blood vessels present in the walls of the cavity.

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AM taking the cure for the last five months in the Sullivan county mountains. Never had any fever, pain, and temperature.

AM abnormal, but as sound as I can be.

I enter a warm room or take a cold bath the blood flushes to my face and it feels like little stiches of pins and needles."

REPLY.

These symptoms usually denote a sensitive skin and are common in people who have been in the sun or in water.

REPLY.

Any such danger comes from the character of the disease itself and not from taking of vaccine.

[A] Does a cavity ever hurt? [b] Why does a cavity need to be specially treated?

REPLY.

[a] A cavity can never fully or properly heal, unless you keep it clean and remain dry.

[b] The increased danger of such a cavity is that the disease may more easily become active again, and also that there might be hemorrhages from the brittle blood vessels present in the walls of the cavity.

SULLIVAN WRITES: "HAVE tuberculosis."

AM taking the cure for the last five months in the Sullivan county mountains. Never had any fever, pain, and temperature.

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REPLY.

These symptoms usually denote a sensitive skin and are common in people who have been in the sun or in water

CHICAGO HEIGHTS MUSTERS IN NEW INFANTRY UNIT

Company M, Sixth Infantry,
Formed—Recruit Remaining
Regiments.

Despite the fact that Gov. Dunn received word from Secretary of War Baker yesterday that he could not comply with the former's request to mobilize the Fifth and Sixth Infantry, the work of recruiting both these regiments up to full war strength is going forward as rapidly as possible.

Company M, Sixth Infantry, was mustered in at 8 o'clock last night in Chicago Heights. The new company, which will take the place of the one recently mustered out at Galena, will be commanded by Capt. H. F. Hall, a consulting mechanical engineer. Ninety-eight men, already examined and accepted for enlistment, were mustered in.

FILL UP GAPS

Recruiting officers have been left at all the armories of the corps which have gone to Springfield and will bend their energies in the next few days towards bringing every company, troop or battery up to full war strength.

Company M, Sixth Infantry, was mustered in at 8 o'clock last night in Chicago Heights. The new company, which will take the place of the one recently mustered out at Galena, will be commanded by Capt. H. F. Hall, a consulting mechanical engineer. Ninety-eight men, already examined and accepted for enlistment, were mustered in.

FIRST PROVISIONAL REGIMENT

Col. Edward H. White, commanding the First Provisional regiment, U. S. volunteer infantry, announced last night he practically has the pledges of enough men to bring the organization up to full war strength and will apply to the war department and Gov. Dunn within the next few days for equipment.

Another organization which has usurped our name of the First provisional regiment is being organized by Lieut. Gov. Barrett O'Hara," said Col. White, "but our papers at Springfield and the war department will show that we were in the field before them."

SECOND PROVISIONAL CAVALRY

Capt. E. E. Barclay, regimental adjutant of the Second Illinois (Provisional) cavalry, announced he will receive applications from recruits in room 214 at the Hotel La Salle tonight. Tomorrow morning recruiting offices will be opened in the old Inter Ocean building at 57 West Monroe street. Citizens have promised to equip the regiment with full motor transport service. Nearly 500 enlisted men already have signed pledges. It is planned to ask the war department to furnish uniforms for the colonel and lieutenant colonels.

FIRST CAVALRY

Ninety-five recruits have been accepted for the First cavalry since it left for Springfield and Capt. W. Williams hopes to have 150 to send to Camp Dunn by Saturday. Two recruits accepted yesterday were Walter Klamm of 3029 Parnell avenue and William Klamm of 2646 South Millard avenue, twin brothers, alike as two peas.

POLITICS IN STATE GUARD

Quincy, Ill., June 22.—A telegram yesterday evening to Senator Ladd urged him to go to the war department in person and look up the records and see why the Fifth regiment of the Illinois National guard was not ordered to mobilize. It is said the message intimated politics was playing a part in not ordering out the Fifth.

SKETCHED EN ROUTE TO CAMP



TWO HUNDRED AMERICANS DEPART FROM MEXICO CITY

Leave on Two Trains and Carranza
Government Affords Protection
to Vera Cruz.

Mexico City, Mexico, June 22.—Two trains carrying Americans left Mexico City this morning. The first was composed of six passenger coaches and the second of six box cars. Both were crowded. The government is giving guarantees and facilities to the travelers and has assured James Lim Rodgers, the American representative, that they will arrive safely at Vera Cruz.

No cabinet meeting was held today. The local press announces that the reply to Gen. Carranza's note will be published within the next few hours.

Arrive at Vera Cruz.

Washington, D. C., June 22.—Consul Canada reported today that 200 Americans had arrived at Vera Cruz from Mexico City on the special train arranged for Special Agent Rodgers. Those who desire will be furnished transportation, probably on a naval transport, to the United States.

FREE TO JOIN REGIMENT.

Sylvester Price, clerk and stenographer for Col. Franklin Denison of the Eighth infantry, was released yesterday from the bridewell, where he was sent two weeks ago by Judge Uhler in the Morris court.

Price will go with the regiment to Springfield. Judge Wade, now in the Morris court, acted on a request from the colonel.

HAPPIEST DAY IN ALL THE YEAR FOR 350,000 KIDS.

School Closes for Summer Vacation
Today, but Classes Will Continue
in Twelve Buildings.

Mrs. Gertrude Howe Britton and
Ad Bring About Arrest of Genial Wife Beater.

The "bad man of Mannheim" was brought to judgment yesterday by two women—Mrs. Gertrude Howe Britton and her chief aid, Mrs. Josephine H. Lawrence.

Jim Farino, the "bad man," had beaten up his wife and looked up his daughter.

Mrs. Britton and Mrs. Lawrence walked out to the farm. Neighbors warned of the "bad man."

"They found Mrs. Farino with her entire body bruised and her jaw so swollen she cannot open it."

"Take her away," said the "bad man" generally, "you're welcome to her. I beat her up because she's my woman. I got a right to."

Mr. Farino was taken to the county hospital. Farino was arrested and later held to the grand jury by Justice of the Peace Kendall in Oak Park.

Four Militiamen Refuse Oath.

Green Bay, June 22.—(Special)—Four members of the State guard last night were sworn in as United States volunteers, pursuant to orders from Gov. Ralston. Four militiamen refused to take the federal oath.

FREIGHT HANDLERS STRIKE

First Deputy Orders Twelve
Liberals to Guard Santa
Fe Yards.

A report that several hundred Santa Fe freight handlers had struck and demanded to be paid for their services.

Twenty-five men of the South Clark street station were detailed to the freight yard at Twelfth and Clark streets to prevent trouble.

Two hundred freight handlers from the Illinois Telephone and Telegraph company's office at 754 West Jackson boulevard.

Under the Clock at the Northwest Corner on the Ground Floor.

First Trust and Savings

Bank

Capital and Surplus
\$10,000,000.00

James B. Forgan
Chairman of the Board

Emile K. Boisot
President

3% on
Savings

READY TO FORCE HAND OF WILSON IN MEXICAN CASE

Members Will Seek Action by Congress If President De- lays Much Longer.

BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT
Washington, D. C., June 22.—[Special]—
Republican senators today threatened to break their silence on the Mexican situation if President Wilson does not take some positive action within a few hours.

Several of the senators, including Sherman of Illinois and Woods of California, expressed the view that the president, without further delay, should ask authority from congress to intervene in Mexico. For a time it appeared as if there was to be a general debate on Mexico on the floor of the Senate. Works opened up the question by demanding whether the foreign relations committee had taken any action on his intervention resolution introduced six months ago.

Chairman Stone of the committee said there had been no action, whereupon Works intimated if there was not some action taken by the committee or the president in the next few days he will move that the committee be discharged from consideration of his measure and that the Senate take it up. Such a motion would bring Mexico squarely before the Senate.

From what the postmaster general said, the administration has made up its mind, if we're wrong, to apologize and if Carranza is wrong to do some more talking. I think that is a disgrace to the country."

BIG NAVY MEN WIN OUT IN SENATE SUBCOMMITTEE.

Washington, D. C., June 22.—The Senate subcommittee considering the naval bill virtually decided today to recommend that it be amended to conform to the five year building program of the navy general board, which provides for authorization this year for four battle cruisers and three dreadnaughts.

Points to Repeated Outrages.

Senator Sherman observed that it was just three months ago today that he introduced his resolution calling for the use of the armed forces to protect American lives and property.

"Since that time scores of American citizens have been murdered, wounded, robbed, outraged, or captured," Senator Sherman said, "but the administration, after ordering the army into Mexico to protect Americans and to avenge the murder of Americans, has tied it up so it has been unable to do the thing it should do."

Senator Works in opening his remarks on the situation said:

"It seems to this member that the time has now come when this measure should not be set aside by action by the executive department of the government, but that some action should be taken by congress. I think it is exceedingly important if we are forced to enter Mexico that we should do under a declaration of congress as to what the purpose of going into that country is, and what our intentions are, so that not only the people of our own country, but the people of other nations, may know and understand what the purpose and the object of the United States are in taking that very important step."

Says Congress Must Act.

"We have reached a point in our relations with Mexico when something should be done by congress. It has been

THE DAY IN CONGRESS

SENATE.

Met at noon.
Debated railway mail feature of post office appropriation bill.
Recessed at 6:35 p. m. until 11 a. m.

HOUSE.

Met at 11 a. m.
Speaker signed warrant for arrest of District Attorney Marshall at New York for contempt of house.
Passed fortification bill.
Resumed consideration of sundry civil appropriation bill.
Adjourned at 5:30 p. m. until noon Friday.

STOP & SHOP

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

THE TEBBETTS & GARLAND STORE
16-18 N. Michigan Blvd.—Phone Central 8080

SPECIAL FRIDAY ONLY

Lake Trout
20c Lb.

Fresh from the water—after weight,
they will be cleaned, boned and
scaled, ready for the pan.

SPECIAL FRIDAY ONLY

Nut Marshmallow Cake
39c

Two layers of delicious white cake
with a marshmallow filling and
bottom layer sprinkled with chopped
nuts—home made, hot from the oven.

SPECIAL SATURDAY ONLY

Home Made Pies
39c

Extra large size, our regular 39c
quality, home made and just like
the mother used to make. Apple,
Strawberry, Lemon, Rhubarb, Blue-
berry, Cocomut.

Fruits and Vegetables
CAN STRAWBERRIES NOW
Fresh Michigan Berries
Case, \$1.25
Cans, each, 25c to 50c
Cantaloupe, each, 50c to 75c
Watermelon, each, 50c to 75c
Pineapple, each, 50c to 75c
Roasting Chicken, each, 50c to 75c
French Fries, each, 25c to 50c
Long Island Ducks, 50c to 75c
Fresh Dressed Squab, each, 50c to 75c
Blueberries, box, 50c to 75c
Strawberries, box, 50c to 75c
Peaches, basket, 50c to 75c
Apricots, basket, 50c to 75c
Pineapple, basket, 50c to 75c
Green Corn, selected, 50c to 75c
Asparagus, bunch, 50c to 75c
Cabbage, head, 50c to 75c
Lettuce, head, 50c to 75c
Potato, head, 50c to 75c
New Potatoes, pick

Bakery Goods
Whole Wheat Raisin Pie
Whole Wheat Raisin Muffins
Home Made Shrimp Salad
Home Made Potato Salad
Home Made Lobster Salad
Home Made Chicken Salad
Home Made Egg Salad
French Sardines, in oil, 50c
Smoked Salmon, in oil, 50c
Mackerel, in oil, in glass, 50c
Baked Ham, 50c
Baked Lamb, 50c
Baked Liver, 50c
Dried Beef, sliced, 50c
Stuffed Pig's Head, 50c
Liver, sausages, 50c
Pork, sausages, 50c
Home Made Bacon Muffins
Home Made Doughnuts, doz.
Home Made Sunshines, 50c
Genuine Imported Swiss, 50c
French Roquefort, the best, 50c
Deli's Famous Camembert, box, 50c
Chicken à la King, tin, 50c
Salmon Cutlets, tin, 50c
Boiled Codfish, tin, 50c
Lobster, 50c, tin, 50c; 1 lb., 75c

Breakfast Blend Coffee
27c Lb.; 3 Lbs., 75c

Is making friends by the thousands.
Try one pound and you'll know why.

THE HUB Henry C. Lytton & Sons

N. E. Corner State and Jackson



\$5

If proof of desirability is determined by demand, this new style will prove the sensation of the season. Already we have sold huge quantities of this style and the demand is steadily increasing. This last possesses a distinct trimness and smartness of design, \$5 offered in gun metal and dark tan at

Shoes and Oxfords, \$3 to \$10
Main Floor.



ECONOMY is taught by experience. Once you try Ivory Soap for the bath and toilet, you will use nothing else. Thus Ivory Soap will save you money because you doubtless are paying more than 5 cents for the soap you now use.

IVORY SOAP 99 1/2% PURE
IT FLOATS

NEWS OF MERCHANTISE is vitally important to every woman. It enables her to save money and live better. Chicago women insist on THE TRIBUNE because it has so much exclusive News of Merchandise—advertisements that other papers do not carry.



It's a Beauty

A Northern Wisconsin Product

There is some joy in finding one of these beauties on the end of your line—to let out your line to his tug—to play him carefully and finally land him.

The waters of this Izaak Walton paradise team with gamey fish—pike, trout, salmon, muskellunge, etc.—they await a line from you. Then there is health besides—sunburned, "brown as a berry" health that makes you young again and fills you with energy for work when you return home.

All this you can get on a fishing junket to the Great North Country.

Special Fisherman's Train

for your convenience, operated on fast schedule, leaves Chicago every Friday at 6:10 p. m., arriving the North Country early Saturday morning. Return Special from the North Country every Sunday night, arriving Chicago in time for business Monday morning via the

CHICAGO Milwaukee & St. Paul RAILWAY

"The Road to a Thousand Lakes"

North Country maps and literature of address below.

Tickets 82 W. Adams St., Marquette Building (Tel. Harrison 6162, Automatic 650-652) and Union Passenger Station, C. N. SOUTHERN, Gen. Adm. Pass. Dept., 816 Marquette Building, CHICAGO.

OLSON FAVORS SORT OF RECALL FOR CITY JUDGES

After Three Years Officeholder Would Have to Face the Voters.

A new Municipal court act embodying a new plan for the election of judges, with a provision not unlike the recall, is being drafted by Chief Justice Harry Olson and his associates. The text of the bill will be discussed at a special meeting of the judges called for next Thursday.

The distinguishing feature of the proposed election plan is that a judge who has held office for three years will have to go to the voters for their O. K. if a majority favors his retention. He holds office three years more, when he again must submit his record to a referendum. If he is again successful he is entitled to the office for nine years longer.

Bailiff Under Civil Service.

The proposed bill will also place the offices of clerk and bailiff of the court under civil service. The judges, however, according to Judge Olson's plan, will still retain the right summarily to discharge employees of the court.

Judge Olson outlined provisions of the bill yesterday before a subcommittee of the council judiciary committee. He said it would be a great advantage if the bill could be so drafted as to consolidate all Cook county courts.

To Eliminate Politics.

The subcommittee is charged with drafting bills for establishing civil service in the clerk's and bailiff's offices and for eliminating party designations from the judicial ballot.

Judge Olson said the court offices are now exempt from civil service because the legislators saw an opportunity for creating patronage. His proposed change in the judicial election laws has been recommended by the American Judicature society.

BRUNDAGE A CANDIDATE FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL

Announcement That He Wants the Republican Nomination Precipitates Trouble.

Edward J. Brundage, leader of the "neutrals" and the Sherman manager in Cook county during the fight for the presidential nomination, precipitated trouble in the state Republicans' ranks yesterday by announcing himself a candidate for the party nomination for state attorney general.

While eliminating himself from the county field as a possible would-be state's attorney, Mr. Brundage collided head-on with the political aspirations of Richard J. Barr of Joliet, slated at the Pocria peace conference as the party's candidate for attorney general, and the Brundage announcement brought joy to the hearts of leaders in the Duane ranks.

Mr. Barr was a speaker at the Republican mass meeting in the Coliseum last night, whereas Mr. Brundage, who was scheduled to appear, failed to show. The Joliet man received an enthusiastic welcome, but Thompson administration leaders were careful not to commit themselves.

"There is no comment for me to make," the mayor himself said. "It's a man's privilege to run for office. They're both good men."

And that is as far as the mayor would go.

The Republican county committee, which was organized last week, is scheduled to meet this afternoon at 4 o'clock to take up regular business. Despite numerous conferences and informal negotiations between Thompson-Brundage, he has been unable to agree on any county slate; and prospects are bright that each faction will put a full ticket in the field for the primaries. With the Duane slate, there will be at least three separate and complete tickets in the field. Only matters of routine business are expected to receive attention at the meeting this afternoon.

ONE DIES, 2 HURT, IN FIGHT BETWEEN POLICE AND I.W.W.

Mine Battle at Virginia, Minn., Begun by Woman with Repeating Rifle, Officials Assort.

Virginia, Minn., June 22.—One man was killed and two wounded in a fight here this morning between a squad of special police and a crowd of I. W. W. strikers who were on their way to picket the Alpena mine of the Oliver Iron Mining company.

A woman armed with a repeating rifle who stood on the porch of a miner's house died at random. Accounts of the affair differ, but it is charged by officials that Mrs. Niek Rosendin, the woman who used the rifle, started the shooting.

Vince T. Tully, a stoker, said he saw the strikers shoot, about a hundred strong, and march toward the mine.

The officers got in their way and ordered them to disperse. Then, it is said, Mrs. Rosendin began shooting and the men ran back and stones.

INDICT CHICAGO MAN FOR ALLEGED BRIBE ATTEMPT.

Edward Popper Accused in Cincinnati of Trying to Corrupt B. & S. Railroad Weightmaster.

Cincinnati, O., June 22.—[Special.]—United States Commissioner Eugene Adler today bound over to the United States grand jury Edward Popper, head of the Edward Popper Iron company of Cincinnati, on the charge of violating an interstate commerce law by attempting to bribe George H. Cook, chief weightmaster of the Baltimore and Southwestern railroad at St. Louis station, O., to ship various scrap metals at fraudulent weights.

Popper declined to go on the witness stand in his own behalf at today's hearing and was released on \$1,000 bonds.

It is claimed that the Popper case presentation is only the entering wedge for a series of prosecutions of Chicago men for such alleged offenses.

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8,000 OF G. O. P. AT COLISEUM BACK UP HUGHES

Mayor at Ratification Welcomes Progressives Into Republican Fold.

Lord Curzon's Daughter to Wed.



T. R. WILL COME OUT FOR HUGHES

Plans to Swing Moose Vote to G. O. P. Nominee to Beat Wilson.

READY TO TAKE STUMP.

(Continued from first page.)

align in any way, except to be recognized in the class with the "help."

Go to See Colonel.

After the Progressives had laid their case before Hughes, Garfield returned to the group waiting at the Forty-second street building, and a little later he and Perkins motored to the Langdon hotel where Roosevelt had arrived from Oyster Bay a short time before.

The reporters and party leaders and Mr. Roosevelt at once, it is understood, wound up his letter with a flourish and sent it to the printers, ready to be mailed out tomorrow.

T. R.'s unqualified adherence to the Hughes standard is the last hurdle but one that has got to be negotiated by the amalgamators before the truce is clear for a combined assault on President Wilson and the Democratic administration.

The final stone will be rolled out of the path at Chicago Monday, and while some will be stoned in the rolling thereof there is little doubt here that it will be pushed out of the way before the Frogs wind up what may be a pretty stormy season.

Raymond Robins, Harold Ickes, and a few of the far western men are expected to create some trouble. The Progressive leaders have believe Robins eventually will get back into the Democratic party and will take an active part in the campaign in behalf of President Wilson, largely because of Wilson's appointment of Brandis to the Supreme court.

Ickes Also Is Ballyk.

Ickes also is considered a recalcitrant, and some trouble is expected from John M. Parker of Louisiana, the Progressive nominee for president, and his supporters in the south where the Progressive leaders have favored the south of their Democratic brethren and have no place to go except back in the Democratic party.

Mr. Garfield told Mr. Hughes that they would have some strong opposition in the Chicago meeting Monday, but it was his judgment that Roosevelt's position would be sustained by a majority vote of the committee.

Those who have seen the Roosevelt letter report that it follows somewhat closely, in spirit, the editorial printed in last Sunday's CHICAGO TRIBUNE in its appeal to Roosevelt to do just the thing he has made up his mind to do, and as was forecast last week definitely and exclusively in THE TRIBUNE.

Gen. Leonard Wood and Frank B. Kellogg, Roosevelt's chief military and naval men for United States senator in Minnesota, are among the Hughes callers today. Gen. Wood said he called merely to congratulate Mr. Hughes and to report on the good work of Charles Evans Hughes Jr., who is one of the rookies at the Plattburg camp.

55 ON SAVINGS

This Is the Year to Save

1911 is Thrift Year. Are you taking advantage of saving a part of the large earnings that present prosperity gives?

Call for a dime pocket bank—it will help you open a bank account and keep it growing.

Fort Dearborn Trust and Savings Bank

Monroe and Clark Streets



FULL PAY to Soldiers

The Chicago office of the Taylor & Co. trust company will pay full salaries to men away on military service, and hold jobs open for them.

There's one—and only one—water-level route from Chicago to New York.

There's one—and only one—railroad station on the Loop in Chicago.

There's one—and only one—railroad station on the Subway in New York.

There's one—and only one—

20th Century Limited

Leaves La Salle Street Station 12:40 noon
Englewood 12:53 noon
Arrives Grand Central Terminal 9:40 a.m.

New York Central Railroad

The Water Level Route—You Can Sleep
CHICAGO CITY TICKET OFFICE
100 South Clark Street, Corner Monroe
Telephones: Randolph 5300; Automatic 550-552

**NEW YORK
CENTRAL
LINES**

For the Public Service

STATE MOOSE LEADERS SEEK MAN FOR GOVERNOR.

Progressives Believed Anxious to Ally with Denison Group—Favor James or Merriam.

Leaders of what remains of the Progressive party in Illinois will gather in the gold room at the Congress hotel this morning and as members of the party state central committee will decide upon the course to be followed in the coming primary elections. With the endorsement of Hughes and Fairbanks by the national organization practically assured, it is thought certain that the state leaders will try to agree on one of the Republican gubernatorial candidates already in the field.

By again postponing any announcement of his decision, Dr. James has left the Bull Moose leaders in a bad way for a man to endorse for the nomination to lead the Republican state ticket in the fall. A. L. Charles E. Merriam, who would not be compelled to give up any present job to make the race, has been mentioned by some of the Progressive leaders as the man they might endorse.

The Friends of Wilson, it is known, are desirous of reaching some sort of understanding to assure themselves a place or two on the Denison state slate. When Williams entered the race last year Sullivan was said to be quite friendly to him. Most of the Democratic state congressmen also were thought to be back of him then. But it is said here now that neither Sullivan nor the down-state Democrats think he can beat Dunn.

During his entire period of congressional service, Williams has never done anything which has stood out above the ordinary. He was one of two Illinois Democrats to vote for the notorious Muscle Shoals water power steal. He voted with the Hay small army crowd through the fight over the army bill and although he had announced in Illinois that he voted against battleships.

SULLIVAN HUNTS A MAN TO RUN AGAINST DUNNE

Congressman W. E. Williams Believed Now to Be Held in Small Favor by Roger C.

Washington, D. C., June 22.—(Special.)—According to reports received in Washington, Roger C. Sullivan is casting about for a candidate to put in the race against Gov. Dunn for the Democratic nomination.

At the present time only one other candidate, Congressman A. L. Williams, is out for the nomination and the Illinois press look at his chances with skepticism.

When Williams entered the race last year Sullivan was said to be quite friendly to him. Most of the Democratic state congressmen also were thought to be back of him then. But it is said here now that neither Sullivan nor the down-state Democrats think he can beat Dunn.

During his entire period of congressional service, Williams has never done anything which has stood out above the ordinary. He was one of two Illinois Democrats to vote for the notorious Muscle Shoals water power steal. He voted with the Hay small army crowd through the fight over the army bill and although he had announced in Illinois that he voted against battleships.

THE HUB Henry C. Lytton & Sons

N. E. Corner State and Jackson.

You Should Be on the Way Toward a Selection—

Young Men's New Styles

THIS special exhibit of mid-season style developments is an exclusive feature of our clothing service. It demonstrates the incomparable enterprise, the bold initiative, and intensive service idea of our active organization.

Newest style innovations from America's most prominent designers of young men's clothing, \$18

College Floor, The Third.



Pianos! Pianos!

LAST ONLY 2 DAYS MORE

ALTERATION SALE

Of New and Used Pianos

Every Piano Must Be Sold at Once to Make Room for the Carpenters

THE WHOLE THING IN A NUTSHELL. OUR BUILDING IS PACKED full of NEW and USED SELF-PLAYERS and UPRIGHT PIANOS. We have about 75 new ones in the store ready to be installed. It is either to SELL the PIANOS or STORE them for THIRTY DAYS, which would be a great EXPENSE. As you see, READILY PAYABLE for the PIANOS in a STORE, for they would get FULL of GRIT and DIRT, and that would RUIN them. We would RATHER give the BENEFIT to the PUBLIC now than to SELL them at HALF-PRICE after they are DAMAGED. Among the above pianos you will find such well-known makes as the J. & C. Fischer, Schultz, Steinway and Kimball, and many others too numerous to mention.

60 Days in Your Home Free Open Every Evening During This Sale



Other Suits for Men and Young Men, \$15 to \$40

Summer Suit Special for Men

This offering presents an unequalled opportunity to add a favorite suit to your summer wardrobe at little expense. Choicest gray worsteds and smart flannel suits, many quarter silk-lined, with silk-lined sleeves—very special summer suit value at \$22.50

Second Floor.

Take a Vacation Trip to the Lakes of Wisconsin

Fish, tramp through the many trails in the pine woods or just loaf. Sleep like a boy all night. Eat with a real appetite—the hearty appetite that craves fried trout, bacon and coffee—three days of this will give you the rest and recreation you need.



Double Daily Fast Train Service

Fisherman's Special

Lv. Chicago 6:00 p.m.
Returning Ar. Chicago 9:00 a.m.

Dinner ready to serve 5:30 p.m.

Northern Lakes Special

Lv. Chicago 7:00 p.m. Dinner ready to serve 6:30 p.m.
Returning Ar. Chicago 8:00 a.m.

You arrive at the fishing grounds in time for breakfast the following morning.

Round Trip Summer Vacation Fares

For tickets, sleeping car reservations, free descriptive literature, and full particulars, apply to

CHICAGO & NORTH WESTERN RY.

*Ticket Offices, 145 S. Clark St.
Tel. Randolph 4221, and Passenger Terminal, Madison, between Canal and Clinton Sts.*



A TIP FOR THE BUSY CITY MAN

Get a summer home on the shady shores of the Lakes of Wisconsin, the greatest summer resort region in the middle west.

N-E-A

YOUR Trip to the Convention of the National Education Association will be pleasant and comfortable when you go to New York via Erie Railroad. Through a country remarkably rich in scenic beauty, you are taken swiftly and without change to New York—"the World's greatest summer resort."

In addition to its regular daily service, the Erie Railroad will operate an N. E. A. SPECIAL on June 29th, leaving Dearborn Station, Chicago, at 11:00 a.m.

Chautauqua Lake, N. Y.; home of the world-famed institution of popular education, is but one of the many points where stop-over may be made.

Thirty-Day Round-Trip Fare Chicago to New York, \$31.70

For tickets, berth, berths, sleeping car, etc., in the Erie Train, Office, 7 W. Adams St., Phone Wabash 5-1211, or write H. C. HOLLYBIRD, Art. Genl. Pass. Agent, Chicago.

For Good Looks

a woman must have good health. She can do her part by helping nature to keep the blood pure, the liver active and the bowels regular, with the aid of the mild, vegetable remedy—

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c, 25c.

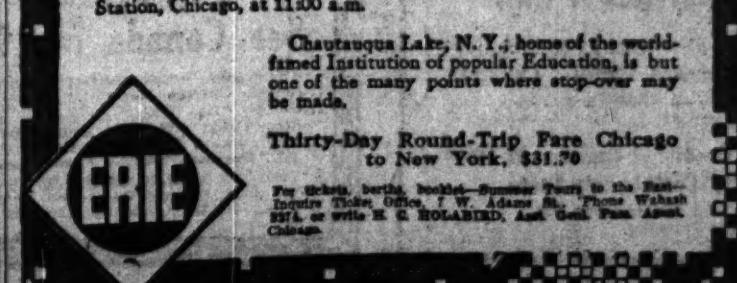
Free From Drink and Drugs in Four Weeks.

Make this your daily rule. The Keeley Treatment has proved permanently successful in over 600,000 cases. No nausea—no headache. No constipation.

The KEELEY Institute, Dwight, Illinois. Chicago Office: 78 W. Monroe St., Suite 202. Telephone Central 2222.

ADVERTISE IN THE TRIBUNE.

**PAYMENTS as Low as \$1 Per Week
Free Delivery Steel or Bench No Extra Interest
BOSTON PIANO COMPANY
1250 Milwaukee Ave., Near Ashland Ave.
Next door to the Old Reliable Alberti Jewelry House
ONE OF THE OLDEST PIANO DEALERS IN CHICAGO
(NOT ING.)**



RUSS SLAUGHTER GERMAN TROOPS; GET NO QUARTER

Terrific Battle Staged at Stok-
bod River—Slavs Capture
Radautz, Bukowina.

PETROGRAD, June 22.—The war office today announced the capture of Radautz with 1,022 prisoners. Radautz is thirty miles south of Czernowitz.

The official statement also chronicles bloody fighting in the region of Radmiesko in the Stokhod river. No prisoners were taken in this battle and this is explained by the anger of the Russians, who refused quarter to the Germans, and had been employing explosive bullets.

Russian War Report.

BERLIN, June 22.—The repulse of heavy attacks by the Russians against Gen. Count von Bothmer's forces north of Prieswicks was announced today by the war office. The Russians were pushed further back on both sides of the Turia river, an arm of the Pripet, and further to the south according to the statement. Attacks on both sides of the Turia in the region to the west of Kolki and northwest of Lutsk were unsuccessful. The official statement says:

Army group of Field Marshal von Hindenburg—Except for successful German patrol incursions there is nothing to report.

Army group of Gen. von Linsingen—Russian attacks against the canal position southwest of Legachin and west of Kolki failed. Between Sokul and Lutsk Russian positions taken by us were held against strong counter-attacks.

In the region in front of Dubno, twelve versts south of Lake Vischnivets, the Germans, after intense artillery preparation, launched an offensive and seized a portion of our trenches. We hastened reinforcements to the scene and drove the enemy back to his own trenches.

South of Kreve the Germans crossed the river Krevelianka. Our force prevented their further advance and drove them back to the west bank of the river.

Land Two German Planes.

On the Ojinski canal and Jaslova river there has been artillery and rifle fire. During the day our fire brought down two German aeroplanes within our lines, one two versts south of the Lutskopdy station on the Bologo-Sedlets railway, and the other near the town of Jaslova, twelve versts east of the mouth of the Ojinski canal. Both the machines were completely destroyed and their pilots killed.

In the region west of Sokul, the enemy attacked in mass formation, but was put to flight, leaving on the ground numbers of killed and wounded.

In the region west of Sokul, on the 21st, we repulsed by a counter attack, against German offensive and captured about 600 prisoners and some machine guns. In the same region the enemy heavy artillery launched fire from the region of Mykola.

No Quarter for Germans.

In the region of Radmiesko, on the Sokhod west of Svidnik and east of Vorontchino, extremely violent fighting continues. We took no prisoners. This is explained by the separation of our troops, who had been employing explosive bullets.

In these attacks a brave element of territorial reserves from Lutsk participated. Their commander was wounded, but refused to quit the ranks.

On the Strips west of Galivonovo our troops captured portions of the enemy's trenches.

We are continuing our pursuit of the enemy on the extreme left wing (in Bukowina). We have occupied Radautz and taken an additional twenty-two officers and a thousand men and three machine guns and twenty-seven packages of machine gun ammunition.

On the Black sea our torpedo boats sank five large sailing vessels and a number of small ships with their cargoes. We took a number of prisoners. The passenger steamer Mercury came in contact with an enemy mine and sank. A majority of the passengers were saved.

Many Austrians Drown.

LONDON, June 22.—Hundreds of Austrians were drowned in the Strips after the recent Russian success on the eastern bank north of Bucace, according to Reutergard correspondent.

Troops holding some of the trenches developed by the Russians from the north and the south and cut off from the bodies rushed into the river, panic

EUROPEAN WAR SUMMARY

Russian capture Radautz, Bukowina, thirty miles south of Czernowitz. Berlin claims successes. French attack results in capture of ground lost to Germans near Verdun.

Greece submits to all demands made by allies and backed by French airmen.

stricken. A few managed to swim across, says the dispatch, but the majority perished.

An Austrian official statement received here today claims the failure of all attacks by the Russians in Volhynia. The German forces, according to the statement, have made progress north of Gorochow, near Sokul and in the vicinity of Kolki.

German War Report.

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Tell of Russ Defeats.

Continuous efforts of the enemy to disrupt our successes northwest of Lutsk were without result. On both sides of the Turia and further south over the general line from Svidnik to Grochow the Russians were driven further back.

Bombs were dropped on the railroad at Man, on the Pripet, south of Lutsk.

Army group of Gen. Count von Bothmer—Strong enemy attacks from the Haivorets-Bobaltsine line, north of Prieswicks, were repulsed with severe enemy losses.

**FRENCH AIRMEN BOMBARD
MANY TOWNS IN GERMANY**

Karlsruhe Among Places Which
Are Attacked—Many Duels in
the Skies.

PARIS, June 22.—French aviators have revenge the German aerial attacks on the 21st on Breslau and Luneville with raids during which a number of German cities were damaged.

Last night eighteen shells of heavy calibre were dropped on Treves, causing a great fire. Today nine French aeroplanes swooped over the city of Karlsruhe and dropped forty shells.

Mulhouse and the nearby military establishments were attacked by ten machines which dropped fifty shells. The Germans were repulsed by a machine of Fokker. One German machine was sent crashing to the earth and a French machine was forced down by engine trouble.

Other French aeroplanes threw down a number of projectiles upon the railroad stations and the tracks at Apremont, Grand Pra, Sept Sarges, Rotagne, and Brieulles, as well as on the barracks in the wood of Conveneville and the military establishments to the north of Treves.

During fights with German airdens, the French pursuit squadrons in the last two days have brought down five German machines.

**U-35 SANK THE PROVENCE
AND 50 OTHER ALLIED SHIPS**

Commander and Crew Make Claim
When Submarine Puts In at
Cartagena, Spain.

CARTAGENA, Spain, June 22.—The German submarine U-35, which arrived in the port yesterday, sank the French liner Provence in the Mediterranean a few months ago with a loss of more than 3,000 lives. Commander Arnault said before the vessel departed today.

Besides the Provence, fifty other Anglo-French ships have been sunk by the U-35 in the Mediterranean, members of the crew said.

FRENCH ATTACK REGAINS GROUND BEFORE VERDUN

Trenches Taken by Germans
Are Recaptured—Artillery
Fire Is Heavy.

ATHENS, June 22.—Fierce fighting is in progress on both banks of the Meuse river on the Verdun front. The Germans, who had been repulsed and captured French positions on the right bank, put counter-attacks by the French, but counter-attacks by the French today recovered most of the ground lost.

Preparations for an even greater attack are seen in the terrific bombardment which was opened by the Germans tonight on the front to the north of Thiaumont, the Vaux wood, Chaptres, and La Laure. The official report by the ministry of war tonight speaks of this bombardment as "unprecedented in violence."

French Official Report.

PARIS, June 22.—An allied fleet has been ordered to cruise before Piraeus, the port of Athens, according to a Havas dispatch from Saloniki. It is said the fleet eventually will be supported by a landing party.

The fleet, made up of squadrons of the allied nations, will be commanded by Vice Admiral Moreau.

The dispatch says the action of the landing party "will depend upon events."

**4,000,000 BRITISH READY
FOR OFFENSIVE IN FRANCE**

Dr. Jacobs, Chicago, Back from
England, Says Big Drive Awaits
Only Verdun Result.

NEW YORK, June 22.—(Special.)—England has 4,000,000 men in northern France and will begin the greatest offensive of the war as soon as the result at Verdun is determined, said Dr. Frederick C. Jacobs of Chicago today.

Dr. Jacobs and Dr. John G. O'Malley, also of Chicago, returned to this country on the Holland-American line steamer Noordam after spending a year at a British base hospital at Staples.

Two million five hundred thousand British soldiers in France have seen no fighting, according to the surgeons. They say the men have been held in reserve awaiting the great offensive.

Berlin Official Report.

BERLIN, June 22.—The official report issued by the general army headquarters tonight said:

A weak attack by a British detachment near Freiburg, northeast of Armentieres, was repulsed. West of La Basses, a German patrol detachment brought in some British prisoners.

On the east bank of the Meuse (Verdun front) intense fighting developed. We gained some advantages west of Fort Vaux.

ARAB REVOLT TURK MENACE

LONDON, June 22.—Reports have been issued here that a serious uprising against the Turks is in progress in Arabia and that the rebels have captured the Holy City of Mecca.

80%

More than 80% of all purchases in retail stores are made by women.

And even when they do not actually make the purchases themselves, they exercise a great influence in the transaction.

**REPULSE FOR AUSTRIANS
ALL ALONG ITALIAN LINE**

ROME, June 22.—An official statement issued by the Italian war department today says:

Tuesday the enemy attacked our positions in the Lazio valley and on the southern slopes of Monte Specchio. After lively fighting he was completely repulsed.

Yesterday from Lake Garda to Asolo there were artillery duels and skirmishes, during which we captured rifles, ammunition, and one machine gun.

On the Asiago plateau, with the exception of small attacks in the vicinity of Monti, Monti Boschi and in the neighborhood of Marostica, west of Marostica, the enemy remained strictly on the defensive, strongly resisting our advance at every step.

The Designer

The percentages of purchases made or influenced by women have been estimated to be as follows:

Men's Suits 24%

Men's Gloves 32

Men's Socks 65

Men's Underwear 70

Men's Neckwear 55

Men's Jewelry 50

Men's Handkerchiefs 65

Men's Shirts 30

Men's Nightshirts 35

Boys' Clothing and Shoes 95

Apartments 60

Vacations 70

Schools 60

Pianos 85

House Furnishings 90

Automobiles 30

Women's Clothing 98

Toilet Goods 80

Food Products 90

The "purchasing agents" in 300,000 homes buy

THE DESIGNER each

month and act on the

suggestions in its editorial and advertising

columns.

Butterick

ASK FOR AND GET

SKINNER'S

THE HIGHEST QUALITY

MACARONI

30 PAGE RECIPE BOOK FREE

SKINNER MFG. CO., Omaha, U. S. A.

Largest Macaroni Factory in America

White Flannel If Preferred

Very Special—Blue or Grey Serge

Suit with Extra Trouser—\$30

White Flannel If Preferred

GREEKS SUBMIT TO THE ALLIES

All Demands Which Were
Made with Threats Will
Be Granted.

WILL EXPEL GERMANS.

ATHENS, June 22.—(Delayed.)—Greece has accepted unconditionally the demands made by the entente powers. This decision was communicated to the French legation by M. Zaimis, the former premier, to whom the formation of a new cabinet is reported to have been entrusted.

The demands presented by the entente powers to Greece, according to the newspaper *Nea Himeri*, were:

1. Complete general demobilization.

2. Removal of the chief of police of Athens.

3. Popular pro-entente sentiment not to be suppressed.

4. Deportation of agents spreading German propaganda.

The new cabinet will be made up on nonpolitical lines, even including one or two adherents of former Premier Venizelos.

Fleet Is Off Piraeus.

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THEIR FAVORITE FLOWER:
Spoons: Tulips.**"Good Fellow" Usually Means "Good Thing"**THEIR FAVORITE DISH:
Acrobats: Perch.**GARDNER LEADS FIELD IN GOLF TOURNAMENT**National Champion, with
Score of 156, Wins in
District Contest.

EDWARDS IS SECOND.

BY J. G. DAVIS.

At the end of thirty-six holes of play in the third annual amateur championship of the Chicago District Golf Association at Midlothian yesterday, Robert A. Gardner, national champion, with a total of 155, led by four strokes.

Donald Edwards of Midlothian, present champion, had 160. Paul Hunter, also of the home club, and Warren K. Wood of Glenmoor tied for third place at 161. As William J. Howland Jr. of the Chicago Golf club was tied with 162, the leading position was taken by the older members of the youngest class. Kenneth Burns of Glen View, Robert Marshall of Lake Shore and Yale, and Charles Grimes of Calumet, who came next, belong to a later crop of budding stars.

Albert Seckel of Riverside, former western champion, ruined his chance by taking 90 in the morning, and although he secured a place among the sixteen who are eligible to continue for the title, he is too far down the list to have a chance.

Gardner Gets Brace of Twos.

Bob Gardner, who played around with Paul Hunter, Donald Edwards, and Albert Seckel, had a brace of twos in his morning round. His out round of 38 in the afternoon was one over par, and he had five threes on the third and sixth holes. Donald Edwards came home in 37 in the afternoon, which was the best mark of the day. Hunter, who is getting great distance with his wooden clubs this year, was a trifte wild.

The players who did not qualify will continue in the seventy-two hole handicap in which yesterday's score counts. C. S. Morse of Hinsdale is leading with 164—150.

The favorable comments were heard on the Midlothian course and the changes made under the direction of E. Hoover Burkard.

Qualifying Scores.

LOWEST GOLF CARDS

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110	111	112	113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120	121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128	129	130	131	132	133	134	135	136	137	138	139	140	141	142	143	144	145	146	147	148	149	150	151	152	153	154	155	156	157	158	159	160	161	162	163	164	165	166	167	168	169	170	171	172	173	174	175	176	177	178	179	180	181	182	183	184	185	186	187	188	189	190	191	192	193	194	195	196	197	198	199	200	201	202	203	204	205	206	207	208	209	210	211	212	213	214	215	216	217	218	219	220	221	222	223	224	225	226	227	228	229	230	231	232	233	234	235	236	237	238	239	240	241	242	243	244	245	246	247	248	249	250	251	252	253	254	255	256	257	258	259	260	261	262	263	264	265	266	267	268	269	270	271	272	273	274	275	276	277	278	279	280	281	282	283	284	285	286	287	288	289	290	291	292	293	294	295	296	297	298	299	300	301	302	303	304	305	306	307	308	309	310	311	312	313	314	315	316	317	318	319	320	321	322	323	324	325	326	327	328	329	330	331	332	333	334	335	336	337	338	339	340	341	342	343	344	345	346	347	348	349	350	351	352	353	354	355	356	357	358	359	360	361	362	363	364	365	366	367	368	369	370	371	372	373	374	375	376	377	378	379	380	381	382	383	384	385	386	387	388	389	390	391	392	393	394	395	396	397	398	399	400	401	402	403	404	405	406	407	408	409	410	411	412	413	414	415	416	417	418	419	420	421	422	423	424	425	426	427	428	429	430	431	432	433	434	435	436	437	438	439	440	441	442	443	444	445	446	447	448	449	450	451	452	453	454	455	456	457	458	459	460	461	462	463	464	465	466	467	468	469	470	471	472	473	474	475	476	477	478	479	480	481	482	483	484	485	486	487	488	489	490	491	492	493	494	495	496	497	498	499	500	501	502	503	504	505	506	507	508	509	510	511	512	513	514	515	516	517	518	519	520	521	522	523	524	525	526	527	528	529	530	531	532	533	534	535	536	537	538	539	540	541	542	543	544	545	546	547	548	549	550	551	552	553	554	555	556	557	558	559	560	561	562	563	564	565	566	567	568	569	570	571	572	573	574	575	576	577	578	579	580	581	582	583	584	585	586	587	588	589	590	591	592	593	594	595	596	597	598	599	600	601	602	603	604	605	606	607	608	609	610	611	612	613	614	615	616	617	618	619	620	621	622	623	624	625	626	627	628	629	630	631	632	633	634	635	636	637	638	639	640	641	642	643	644	645	646	647	648	649	650	651	652	653	654	655	656	657	658	659	660	661	662	663	664	665	666	667	668	669	670	671	672	673	674	675	676	677	678	679	680	681	682	683	684	685	686	687	688	689	690	691	692	693	694	695	696	697	698	699	700	701	702	703	704	705	706	707	708	709	710	711	712	713	714	715	716	717	718	719	720	721	722	723	724	725	726	727	728	729	730	731	732	733	734	735	736	737	738	739	740	741	742	743	744	745	746	747	748	749	750	751	752	753	754	755	756	757	758	759	760	761	762	763	764	765	766	767	768	769	770	771	772	773	774	775	776	777	778	779	780	781	782	783	784	785	786	787	788	789	790	791	792	793	794	795	796	797	798	799	800	801	802	803	804	805	806	807	808	809	810	811	812	813	814	815	816	817	818	819	820	821	822	823	824	825	826	827	828	829	830	831	832	833	834	835	836	837	838	839	840	841	842	843	844	845	846	847	848	849	850

BLAMES LIQUOR AND DANCING FOR GIRLS' FALL

Mrs. Ira Couch Wood Pleads
for Adoption of Pretzel
Ordinance.

The combination of liquor and dancing is one of the most potent influences in causing the downfall of young girls, Mrs. Ira Couch Wood, president of the Illinois Training School for Nurses, told the council license committee yesterday. Mrs. Wood was one of the speakers who urged the adoption of the Pretzel ordinance prohibiting the sale of liquor wherever dancing is permitted.

"I want to make a plea for the girls between 15 and 20," she said. "I am speaking here as the representative of the nurses of the Cook county hospital, where we have to face the facts squarely."

"Disease and disease are the result of the sale of liquor at dances. The starting girls tell us almost always begin in the same way. They tell us they went out for a good time at a dance hall, met some man, were plied with more liquor than they could stand, and then they had to come to us. These girls are not confined to one nationality or to any one class in the social scale."

Three Try Suicide.

"In the normal maternity ward in the Cook county hospital 400 illegitimate babies have been born during the last year. This is 36 per cent of the entire number born in the hospital. Since November, 1915, fifty-three girls under 20 years old who have been in the surgical ward for operations resulting from social diseases have attributed their troubles to liquor and dance halls. Of this number three tried to commit suicide by taking chloride of mercury."

At the conclusion of the session a lively episode occurred after Anton J. Cermak, a member of the Illinois legislature, asked Ald. George Pretzel whether he had not sought the political support of a liquor dealers' association three years ago. Ignatz Schwartz, a deputy bailiff, shouted he was prepared to prove it.

"Lie!" shouts Pretzel.

"That's a lie," exclaimed Ald. Pretzel.

"You lie and you know you lie."

John Zenisek, a member of the Illinois legislature, argued against the Pretzel ordinance. Mrs. George M. Mathes and Mrs. Robert Lee Benson of the Woman's Church federation took the other side. The crowd was so great the meeting was held in the council chamber. The committee took no action.

GIVE BOOSTS FOR CHICAGO.

Seed Men and Biscuit Makers Call
It Best Convention City
in America.

Chicago was declared to be the best best convention city in America, and suggested as the best by 1,000 delegates to two national industrial associations at the conclusion of their annual meetings in the Hotel Sherman yesterday afternoon.

The organizations were the American Seed Trade association and the Biscuit and Cracker Manufacturers' association. Both adjourned to meet in Chicago in 1917 and 1918.

The seedmen adopted resolutions opposing legislation that will effect "germination" of seeds, guaranteeing what a seed will produce.

GROCER ACCUSED OF ARSON.

Thomas Steinkuhler of 5538 Drexel avenue, a grocer at 1100 East Fifty-fifth street, was arraigned before Judge Flanagan yesterday on charges of arson and arson to defraud. He is accused of having set fire to his grocery Wednesday night. Firemen and an investigator from the fire attorney's office said they detected the odor of gasoline when they entered the burning building.

F. N. Matthews
Outfitters to Women
21 East Madison St.
Between State and Wabash.

**Smartest
Mid-Summer
Dresses**

They are just ligaments of sheer fabric held together with thread and fused through with style. You can see Matthews' artistry and workmanship exposed everywhere.

Priced at \$15, \$20
\$25 and up. Absolute Clearance of Cloth Suits and Coats \$19.75, \$25 & \$35

These are the remaining garments from our Spring, 1916, selling. Every one of them made this season for this season's business.

\$65 and \$60 Bolivian Cloth Coats, all the new, smart summer shades, and all lined with silk.... \$40 and \$35

Smart Blouses—they have that different look—at \$2.50 up to \$10.

F. N. MATTHEWS & CO., 21 EAST MADISON ST.

**SHOPLIFTING PLOT BARED
BY WOMAN'S CONFESSION.**

Admits She Testified Falsely for Man Arrested with Women's Apparel in Front of Store.

A plot, by which several State street department stores are believed to have been the intended victims, was unmasked yesterday when Thomas Ryascek of 440 West Adams street, was held to the grand jury in \$5,000 bonds on a charge of subversion of perjury.

George W. Curtis of 1640 North Rockwell street was arrested in front of Marshall Field & Co. store with a silk waistcoat of silk stockings and a pair of women's gloves in his possession.

Miss Ella Fenner of 1520 North Western avenue testified she had purchased the articles and had given them to Curtis to have exchanged. She said she could identify the salesman who sold her the articles, but on the way broke down and confessed she had testified falsely at the instance of Curtis and Ryascek.

**HARVARD GIVEN \$1,344,283
DURING YEAR, ALUMNI HEAR**

Cambridge, Mass., June 22.—Gifts to Harvard university during the year amounted to \$1,344,283. President Lowell told the alumni today at their annual meeting held in connection with commencement week exercises.

The usual gift of \$100,000 from the twenty-five year class was presented by the class of 1901.

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The seedmen adopted resolutions opposing legislation that will effect "germination" of seeds, guaranteeing what a seed will produce.

GROCER ACCUSED OF ARSON.

Thomas Steinkuhler of 5538 Drexel avenue, a grocer at 1100 East Fifty-fifth street, was arraigned before Judge Flanagan yesterday on charges of arson and arson to defraud. He is accused of having set fire to his grocery Wednesday night. Firemen and an investigator from the fire attorney's office said they detected the odor of gasoline when they entered the burning building.

MARSHALL FIELD & CO.

The Morning Hours Are Best for Shopping
Women's New Silk Frocks
Exceptional at \$16.50 and \$18.50



Crepe de Chine Crepe de Chine Chiffon Taffeta Crepe Chiffon
An exceptional opportunity to purchase a large number of Silk Dresses came to us, with the result that values of the greatest importance are presented today. Every woman who wishes a sports, day or dress frock at a moderate price should see these models. Four are illustrated.

**Special values
in Pure Silk
Sweaters for
women and
misses—a lim-
ited quantity—
priced at \$15
and \$25.00**

**Frocks of Cotton Fabrics
\$3.95—\$5.00—\$8.75—\$10**

Our assortments are notable for their variety and values.

**The Frock Sketched
—Special at \$10.00**

—is but one example. It is made of sheer fine voile in charming colors, ornamented with white soutache braid and pearl buttons.



House Dresses of Tub Silks—Special at \$8.75
Sixth Floor, Wabash Avenue.



Who wears them?

They are worn by everybody who wears shoes—by girls and boys, men and women; by those who sit at desks all day; by those who work in the open; by professional men, business men, trade workers, school boys and school girls; by housewives, society women, in short, O'Sullivan's Heels of New, Live, Rubber are worn by men and women, boys and girls in every walk of life.

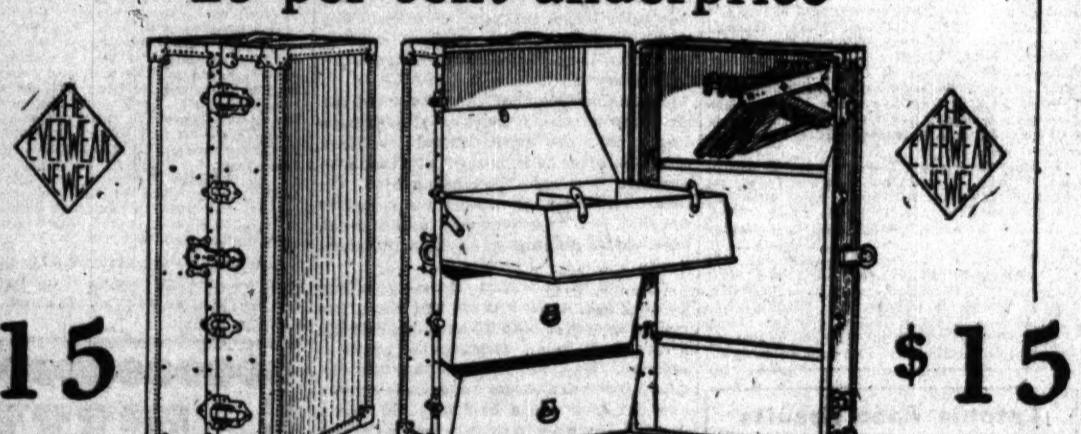
These little "shock absorbers" give you the buoyant walk that always goes with energy and success in men, and with charm and beauty in women. They save your children's tender feet from breaking down on hard city playgrounds and city streets. They protect your nervous system from jolts and jars and are a necessary factor in the preservation of your health.

In black, white or tan; for men, women and children—50c attached. Be sure to get O'Sullivan's; avoid the disappointment of substitutes. Most good shoe dealers now sell latest styles already O'Sullivanized.



Copyright O'S. R. Co.—1916

Mandel Brothers
Luggage division—sixth floor
Exceptional opportunity to select luggage for business or vacation trip:
Everwear "Jewel" wardrobe trunks
25 per cent under price



\$15 \$15
—trunks of national reputation: sturdily made of vulcanized fiber, and hand-riveted; each trunk will hold six men's suits or ten to twelve dresses—just the trunk for short trips or vacation use.

**Jap. matting bags, 2.25
—new chocolate color**
—new and attractive: full cut; leather covered frame; sewn-on leather corners; sizes 16 and 18.

**Fiber trunk, 9.50
—general purpose**
—built of basswood and covered with fiber; two trays: 34 to 40 inch sizes. 9.50 a low price.

**Cowhide suit cases
—steel frame—4.75**
—in black or brown: strongly made over steel frames and thoroughly reinforced laundry pocket.

HEALTH RESORTS
An Ideal Rest Cure on
Lake Michigan—
18 Miles North of Chicago
**North Shore
HEALTH RESORT**
Winnetka, Ill.
Treatment for
various diseases
and affections
Kidneys, etc.

INTERNATIONAL HEALTH RESORT
Sept. 25—Grand Blvd. & 48th St., Chicago
Private Home FOR THE FEELS MINDED
AND MILDLY INSANE
Where love, kindness and harmony are
the rule. Address: Dr. W. M. HOWE, Winnetka, Ill.

HEALTH RESORTS
BENTON HARBOR, MICH. Founded 1896.
The Old Original. Cure Rheumatism, Sciatica, Nervous Diseases, etc. Very low rates, and for free booklet. E. J. Landis, Mgr.

**SATURDAY
MINERAL BATHS
AND HOTEL**
Our baths cure rheumatism and nervous diseases. Moderate rates. For booklet, address Dr. W. M. HOWE, Winnetka, Ill.

WOMEN WITH IDEALS
want a PAPER with ideals. Therefore, THE TRIBUNE
every morning.

All over the world war, terror, destruction, and desolation prevail. The awfulness of it all may well make us sick at heart.

Coming as a delightful interlude is the bright picture of the charm of young womanhood shown in the rotogravure section of next Sunday's Tribune—two full pages of beautiful Wellesley girls in unique costumes and customs.

Pierrots and jesters, dancers, and many other festively garbed young women form a group enchanting to behold. You will find them on pages 4 and 5 of the rotogravure section of

Next Sunday's Tribune

WOMEN WITH IDEALS want a paper with ideals. Therefore The Tribune every morning.

TO-DAY

at

Revell & Co.'s

Special

Large Room Size

**Turkish
Oriental
Carpets**

Average size 10x7,

\$125.00

Alexander H. Revell & Co.

Wabash Ave. and Adams St.

RESORTS—FOREIGN

Ocean Travel.

HONOLULU

The Way to Go! Splendid Trip—

10,000 miles—100 days—

1st Cl. 1000 miles—

ORPET TO TAKE STAND IN OWN DEFENSE

DECLARES GLASS
FIRMS ASSISTED
LABOR WRECKERS

Tipist of Union Tells of Black-
list in Trial of Alleged
Window Smashers.

VICTIMS PAID OVER COIN?

Her glass manufacturers aided union
bosses in their plate glass window
smashing campaigns against business
men, alleged to have been "unfair" to
union labor, was revealed on the witness
stand in Judge Scanlan's court yes-
terday by Miss Emma Holm, a stenogra-
pher employed at the headquarters of
Painters' District Council No. 14.

As told by Miss Holm the window
smashers were organized on a
secretive manner in order to protect
themselves from the victims. It was their duty,
she said, to compile a blacklist which
was revised weekly and even altered two
or three times in between as certain busi-
ness men "promised to be good."

Twenty Accused of Plot.

Her testimony was a strong link in the
chain of evidence collected against Wil-
liam E. Geimer and Lawrence P. Linde-
prend, president and secretary, respectively,
of the painters' union, and eighteen other
defendants in the conspiracy cases.

It was corroborated by George E. Lin-
den, shipping clerk employed by Tyler &
Lippach, glass manufacturers, who tes-
tified to the lists made out by the
defendants.

He was constantly in charge of a
list of names of the union members
and that she sent them to the manufac-
turers. The names were placed on the
list or taken off, she said, on instruc-
tions from the business agents, who called
themselves the "union men" on the phone.

Supposed Compilers of List.

She denied the following as those who
directed the compilation of the lists:
John White, Frank Curran, Nicholas
Palermo, Isidor Gordon, Charles W.
Rosen, William E. Nestor, and Harry
E. Gray of the Painters' District coun-
cil.

Hugo Hahn and Walter E. Staley, busi-
ness agents of the glaziers' union.
Ray C. Stewart of the wood shapers'

union.

Miss Holm identified a volume of lists
she had made out and they were admis-
ted in evidence. She said she had stopped
making the lists at the time the indict-
ments were returned last November.

She said the business agents held weekly
meetings with Geimer and Linden and
that after these meetings the informa-
tion was given her from which to make
the lists.

Orpet testified the lists contained the
names of places at which glass was not
to be installed without the sanction of
the painters' council. He said Hugh
Hahn and Walter Staley had come to
him and told him not to accept jobs that
were on the lists.

George M. Hippach, president of the
glass concern, gave similar testimony.

Approached by Agent.

William Kiessler testified he had in-
vited \$200 to open a restaurant at
118-120 Broadway, when he was ap-
proached by a business agent who asked
him to pay \$270 before plate glass win-
dows which had been broken could be
replaced.

Samuel Gompers, president of the Ameri-
can Federation of Labor, who was in the
city yesterday, said Prof. Hoxie had done
more toward the study of labor problems
than any other man.

Prof. Hoxie left besides his widow a
son of 4 and a daughter 2 years old.

He was statistician for the United
States commission on industrial rela-
tions and was associate editor of the Jour-
nal of Political Economy. He was the
author of a number of pamphlets and
numerous articles. He had been a mem-
ber of the faculties of Cornell college,
Washington and Lee University, and
Cornell University. His most recent work
was a study of scientific management.

He placed canvas in the space where plate
glass should be and finally went into
the restaurant.

OH! SKINNAY! CUM OVER!

Wine Ice Cream and Storey's at
Wilson Avenue.

Every year on the closing day of school
A. A. Druehl, druggist, at 122 Wilson
Avenue, arranged for something "a little
special" for the children of Shadwell
Park and their friends. This year half
a million children's day from 2 to 5 p.m.
There will be a band, with games on the
surrounding lawns, and plenty of free
sugar at the drug store.

LULU

Marshall

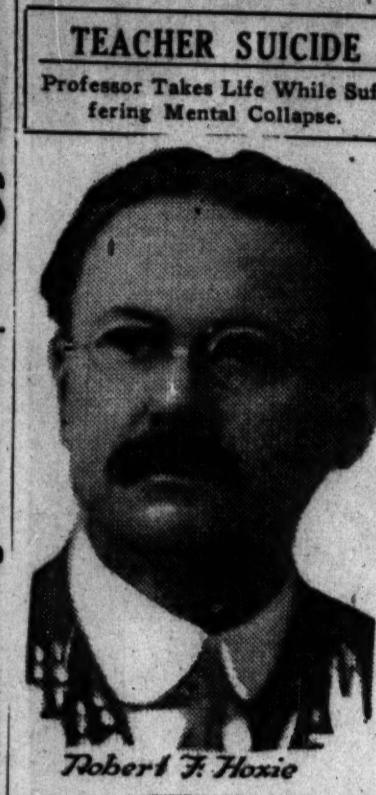
TERM in LAW
SCHOOL COURSES

Public Speaking and
Oratory by Prof. Guiseppe
Lombard College.

THE WRITING
OF ESSAYS

and other subjects
by Prof. Guiseppe
Lombard College.

THE TRIBUNE



TEACHER SUICIDE
Professor Takes Life While Suffering Mental Collapse.

WILL TESTIFY
LAMBERT GIRL
KILLED HERSELF

Faces Unmerciful Grilling by
State, but Defense De-
clares Confidence.

HE ALONE HOLDS THE STORY.

PROF. R. F. HOXIE
TAKES HIS LIFE

University of Chicago Stu-
dent of Labor Problems
Cuts His Throat.

Robert Franklin Hoxie, associate pro-
fessor of political economy in the Uni-
versity of Chicago, committed suicide yes-
terday.

Prof. Hoxie had been for years the sub-
ject of a nervous depression, his associ-
ates said yesterday upon learning his
death. He was constantly in charge of a
thesis on the labor conditions of the
country.

While worry over the justice of his eco-
nomic conclusions was not a direct cause
of his suicide, it was a factor.

He was a member of the labor problems
committee, which was regarded as the
keynote of his career. He had been
engaged with bias resulting from labor
affiliations and socialistic leanings. He
denied this, and seemed overanxious to
maintain a position of scientific neutrality
in his studies.

Story of Suicide.

Orpet's story will be that Marion Lam-
bert committed suicide. Whether it is
true or false, it will carry weight as the
statement of the only man in the world
who knows the real facts. There is no
one who can say with certainty it is a lie.

Whether his story, once on the stand,
Orpet must fight like a hunted beast at
bay against the attack of the state's law-
yers or cross examination. That the in-
quisition will be torture to the boy, al-
ready known to be weak, for six weeks in
court, is to be described by the Prose-
cutor David Joslyn, a master of cross
attack, may be depended upon to find
every chink in the youth's armor. Orpet
will be forced to tell all the sordid secrets
of his affair with the girl, how he planned
her ruin, discarded her when he was
tired of his plaything, watched her die
and fled like a raven, leaving her in the
snow.

Will Prepare Ambushes.

The relentless prosecutor will lure the
boy into ambuscades. He will dig pit-
falls. By every subtle artifice of law and
every trick of melodrama he will force
Orpet to stand out against a background
of selfishness, treachery, and cold-blooded
diablerie as a wretch who ruined the girl
who trusted him and in death deserted
her.

The last witness for the state has testi-
fied. The state will rest today at the con-
clusion of the reading of the forty-four
love letters written by Orpet to Marion
Lambert. Twenty-two were read yester-
day. With the letters in evidence, a num-
ber of motions which the defense pro-
poses to make will be disposed of. There are
twenty of them motions. It is said a se-
ries will be capped by the motion to
take the case from the jury.

Praise from Judson.

"He was a very enthusiastic student of
his subject," said President Harry Pratt
Judson of the university. "And a very
able student of labor conditions. His death
is a distinct loss to the university. He
had been in ill health for years and it is a
tribute to his will power that he forced
himself to continue in his work as he
did."

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can Federation of Labor, who was in the
city yesterday, said Prof. Hoxie had done
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than any other man.

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THE TRIBUNE

LIFE'S LITTLE PHONIES

HELLO SWEETHEART! I
SIMPLY HAD TO CALL YOU UP
TO HEAR YOUR VOICE AGAIN—
LOVE YOU? WHY MY
THOUGHTS ARE ONLY
ON YOU, I HAVE EYES
FOR NO ONE ELSE

FRESH FLIRT!

Conventions Today

The German Evangelical Synod of
North America, northern Illi-
nois district—St. Stephen's church
Arlington Heights—Annual con-
vention—Hotel La Salle
Sigma Gamma Phi fraternity.....Hotel La Salle

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Doris Blake Says

"Knowledge is power among women; dress among men."

Dear Mrs. Parker,
I am the mother of a friend of yours with a personal reply card and an addressed envelope.

You know a real love story—one that deserves that action! "The Tribune" is not the place to publish it, but it will not be refused. Address Mrs. Blake, "The Tribune," Chicago.

Real Love Stories

Juliet on the Fence

Two years ago when I was 19 I visited an elderly aunt living in a small New England village. Owing to an unfortunate love affair in her youth my aunt hated all men and only allowed one young man, my beloved son of her best friend, to enter her home.

Within a few weeks my aunt turned to the fact that we were growing old and in each other she ordered Mr. Johnson from the house and put me under lock and key in good old fashioned style. This earned the small flicker of interest, born of enmity, to a flame of love, and with the assistance of a maid we arranged our plans to elope. The house was surrounded by a tall picket fence; the gate was always locked, but

she will require now, a good, healthy, fondness for summer, and many

years there are to be had here—out

ports of all kinds, breezes, boule-

parks, hotels, and

shops—what a life one can enjoy in

Chicago!

Whether you go or

not will require now,

but you will be happy,

and you will be happy,

which the Tribune
expenses of our
possessions.

of the loan and
Chicago Juncional Rail-

roads company
is being dev-

eloped by producing earnings

to cover interest and

taxes.

of St. Cloud.

public Service company

does all the busi-

ness in the state.

of the three smaller towns.

of 18,000. It has

no mortgage bonds and

the bonds finance

Maturing bonds and

have been paid to date.

the company, for trans-

have been ignored.

—The En-

gineer in last year on

in rates paid by the

of the order day

as large as the disburse-

ments the change took

right then.

—The En-

gineer at high prices as a re-

at present levels for

may go higher, but any

rise of metal would

cause a definite come

an irregular trading market was anticipated.

Rock Island Reorganization.

Y. L. Amster appears on the general

reorganization committee of the Chicago,

Rock Island and Pacific

Railway company, which resulted in the

formation of the general reorganization

committee for said company, the person-

of which is as follows:

Howard Prosser, chairman; James

Seaver, Charles Hayden, N. L. Amster,

E. B. Boket, S. Davies Warfield,

Wm. White & Case, Samuel Un-

heimer, and K. R. Babbs will act

as counsel for the committee. B. W. Jones

of Wall street was elected secretary.

active work by the committee will be

started immediately upon a reorganiza-

tion plan, a general outline of which it is

will be announced in a short time,

and it is anticipated that an early call

on the deposit of securities under the plan

will be made.

Kansas City Railway.

For the twelve months ended March 31,

the following statement of earnings

of the Kansas City Railway company has

been issued:

Net earnings, including

income tax, \$6,889,800

Net earnings available for interest

claims, sinking fund and reinvest-

ment in the property in accordance

with the terms of the indenture, \$2,207,905

Interest on outstanding first

mortgage bonds and three year notes

payable in 1940, \$1,425,220

The above statement includes all those ex-

penditures in operation of the property as a

consequence of the ordinance as respects

maintenance and injury and damage reserves,

but excludes those of extraordinary nature prior

to the deposit of securities by the company.

M. Dunham says:

R. J. Dunham, chairman of the board,

has issued the following statement of the

company's affairs:

The franchise provides that all out-

of-pocket expenses, including main-

tenance and taxes, [22] to the company 6 per

cent on the capital value of the prop-

erty (which affords an ample margin over all

but interest); [3] certain claims for in-

juries and damages against the predeces-

ing companies; and [4] the remainder (plus

interest) shall be credited to the com-

pany, as evidence of its ownership of an

equitable interest in the company's prop-

erty, and used by the company for ex-

penditures and additions until the sum of

\$100,000 a year is so used; thereafter the sur-

plus income shall be divided two-thirds

to the company and one-third to the company.

City Credited with Surplus.

The city's proportion of surplus in-

come shall be credited to it on the books

of the company and, after the sum of

\$100,000 has been applied as above, shall

be used to reduce capital value, or for

extensions and additions to the property;

it may be used to reduce fares—but not

so as to reduce the company's share or

income as defined above—or it may be

used for any public purpose approved by

the city in reduction of capital value must

be applied to the retirement of first mort-

gage bonds."

The company has a nominal capital

stock of \$100,000, which has been made

in the ratio of 62,767.6 shares of preferred

and 60,000 shares of common certificates

of participation of no par value, which

will soon be distributed to the stockhold-

ers of the old Kansas City Railway and

light company.

The other securities outstanding, or

to be issued are \$14,150,200 first

mortgage 5 per cent bonds, \$5,201,000 sec-

ond mortgage 6 per cent bonds, and

\$18,000,000 three year 5% per cent notes.

The present capital value of the prop-

erty is \$33,000,000.

Weakness in Butte Shares.

A Boston authority says of the decline

in the price of Butte and Superior shares:

"The first factor affecting the price of

the stock was the further decline in the

price of copper in the last

few days. A third contributor un-

questionably was a telegram sent out last

by a prominent wire house advising

its customers to sell Butte and Su-

perior."

The new basis of Butte and Su-

perior share prices there has been a re-

turn upward in the percentage of earn-

ings to selling price of the stock. The

company is making the biggest produc-

tion in history, its output for May be-

ing 1,200,000,000 pounds per annum.

With the output and its present

income the company should be earning bet-

ter, or 70 per cent on the present

price."

Munitions Manufacturers.

It is announced that American munitions

manufacturers stand ready to fill

orders for the United States government

should developments in the Mexican sit-

uation demand a speedy delivery of war

material. Preparations are being made

with the view of supplying the United

States first, and it is planned that the

orders on hand from foreign govern-

ments shall not interfere with meeting

the requirements of this country.

Statements to the effect that America

has a

new Mill Order House.

S. H. Kress & Co. have taken out a

new Mill Order House

in New York with a capital of

\$1,000,000. The company will con-

duct a general department store busi-

ness, as well as such incidental busi-

ness as may be advantageous to the corpo-

ration.

The capital stock is to be divided into

STOCK MARKET'S CONDITION GOOD DESPITE SLUMP

Bankers Believe Many Weak Accounts Are Closed Out; Await Mexican News.

There was some evidence at the close of the market after four days of liquidation had worked into a considerable lull position. Responsible New York commission-houses regarded the action of the railroad stocks as satisfactory, while the worst appeared to be over in the metal issues.

Butte and Superior, however, made a new low record at 65 and closed but 4% better. Anaconda lost 1% points from the old high, while American Zinc was off nearly 3 points.

It was pointed out that nothing further had been heard of motor combinations and the metal shares have been rather severely liquidated. It was also thought that a large volume of generally weak accounts had been closed.

Little was expected of the market in the next few days until something definite comes from Mexico, an irregular trading market was anticipated.

New Jersey Zinc company reduced the price of its three high grade brands of zinc 8 cents a pound, effective July 1, bringing prices back to the level that pre-

NEWS OF THE FINANCIAL WORLD

Failure of large copper inquiries to develop into actual orders is discouraging to the copper trade. This is accompanied by a further drop of nearly 1 cent a pound in electrolytic copper in London. Copper is quoted nominally at 27 1/2 a pound, but second hand are naming quotations considerably below that figure. Various agencies are holding metal at the top level and declare the market is strong. The withdrawal of Europe from the market for a large tonnage is attributed to the refusal of domestic dealers to cut the price. Last week negotiations were on for the sale of 200,000,000 pounds to the aliens.

The Central States Gas company has been incorporated in Indiana with a capital stock of \$1,000,000 to take over the artificial and natural gas plants at Olney, Summer, Bridgeport, and Lawrenceville, and the plants of the Vincennes Gas company and the interests of the Western Wrecking and Supply company of Indiana.

The par value of Willys-Overland stock will be reduced to \$25 a share basis and will be traded in that on the New York stock exchange from the opening of the market on next Tuesday.

The Columbia Gas and Electric company has abandoned its proposition for a franchise from Baltimore because of demands deemed unreasonable.

In New Orleans it is expected there will be a rapid advance in the price of silver, owing to the closing of Mexican plants.

New York bankers are offering \$5,000,000 Baltimore and Ohio 4% per cent equipment notes, maturing annually in ten years, on a 4.30 per cent basis.

Gold to the amount of \$4,800,000 was received from Canada and deposited at the New York assay office. The total

Where to Spend Your SUMMER VACATION



MICHIGAN.

MICHIGAN.

MICHIGAN.

Little Traverse Bay Region

is one of Michigan's most attractive sections. It teems with wonderful resorts where thousands of city-wearied people fish, row, hike, play golf and tennis, sail, ride horseback, dance or motor. No mosquitoes.

Here you will find the most delicious, genuine home-cooked country meals and other comforts at moderate prices.

Make life a new pleasure on the wonderful shimmering, glistening bay on Lake Michigan's eastern shore. Come to Petoskey, Bay View, Menomona Beach, Roaring Brook, Wequetonsing, Harbor Springs, Harbor Point or Forest Beach.

Write to any of the following resorts for full information covering rates, accommodations, etc.

PETOSKEY.

THE CUSHMAN, OPEN ALL YEAR.
W. L. McCallum, Jr., Prop.

THE MOVER.

W. L. McCallum, Jr., Prop.

HOTEL FRANKLIN.

J. F. Brumley, Prop.

THE COUNTRY INN.

Mrs. J. H. Clegg, Prop.

TERRELL'S HOTEL.

Mrs. C. E. Terrell, Prop.

PEYTON HOUSE.

Frank J. Danner, Prop.

BAY VIEW HOUSE.

Sam W. Childs, Prop.

HORN'S HOTEL.

Mrs. Jess Martin, Prop.

FLORIDA COTTAGE.

Robert W. Lewis, Prop.

Lewis & Blakely, Prop.

HARBOR SPRINGS.

NEW ENNEMIT & ANNEX.

Open All Year.
W. L. Cartwright, Mgr.

THE COUNTRY INN.

W. L. Cartwright, Mgr.

THE COUNTRY